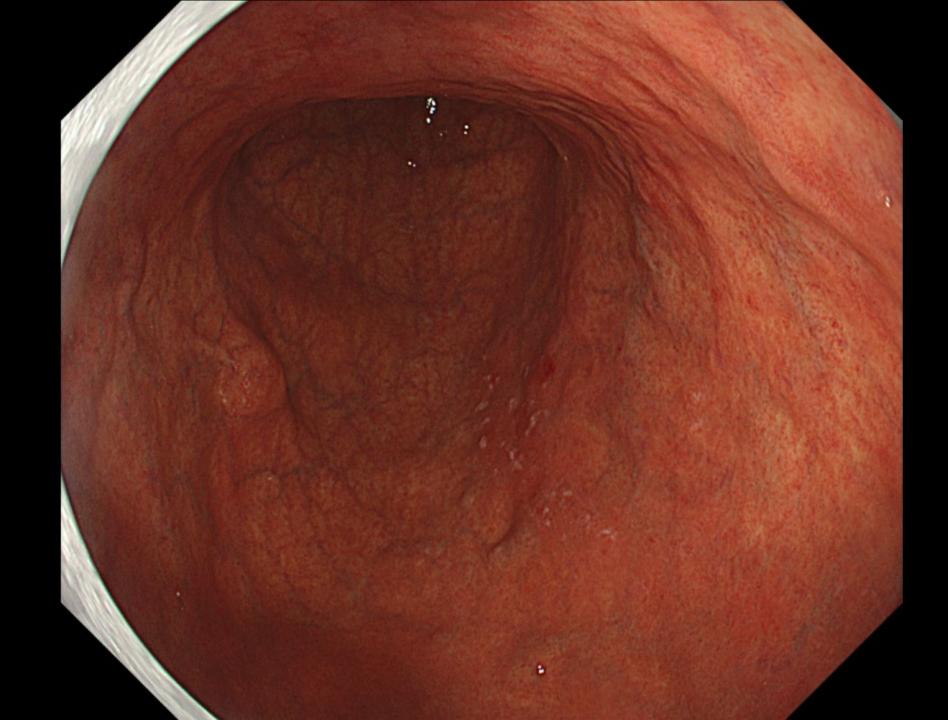
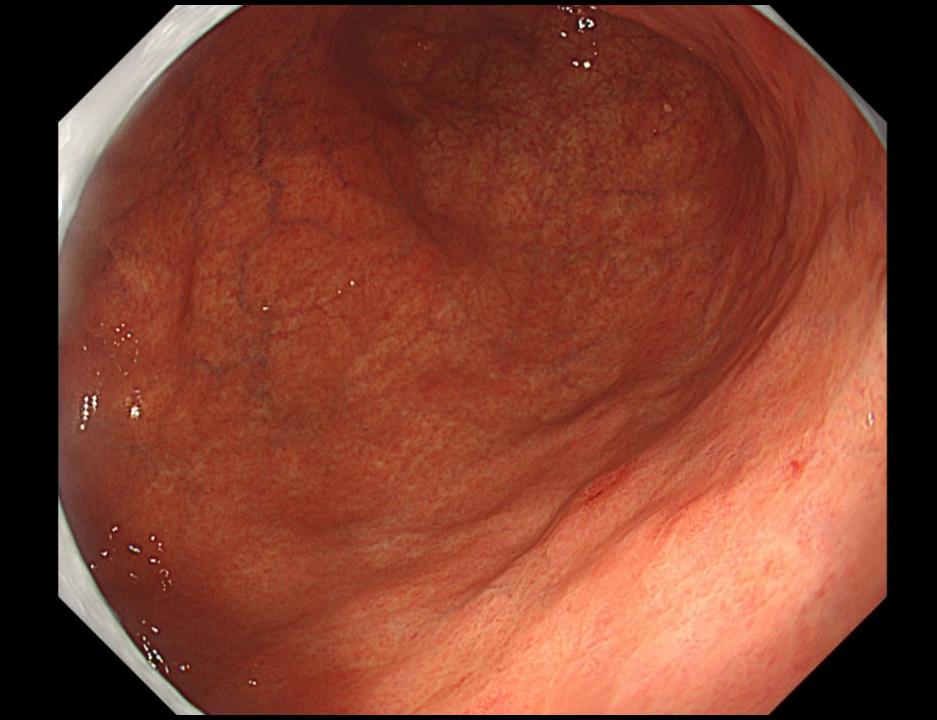
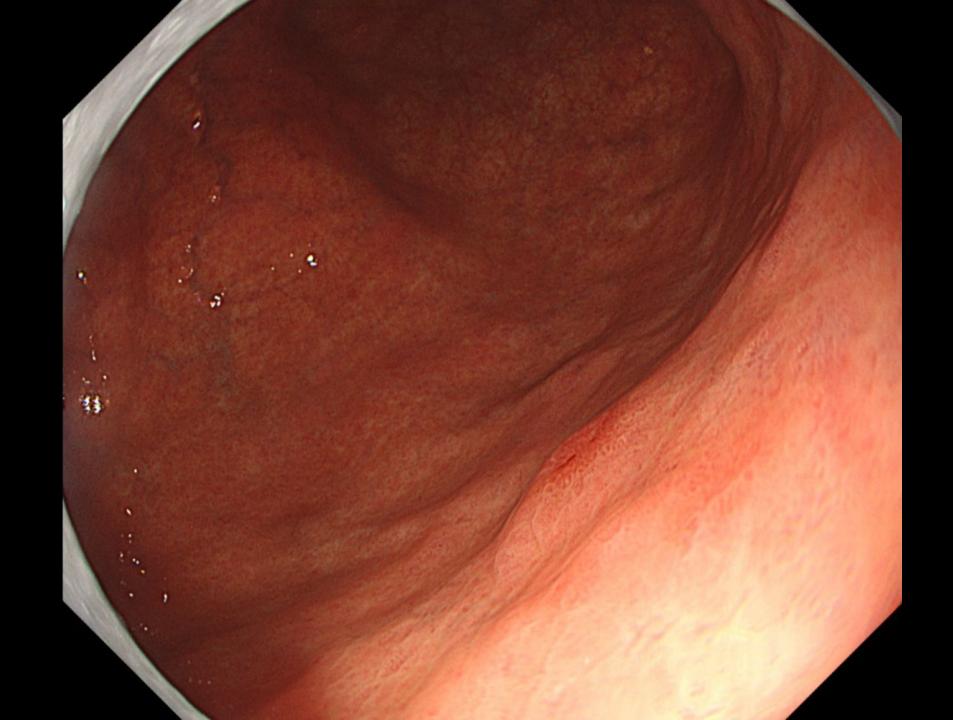
Mapping 胃

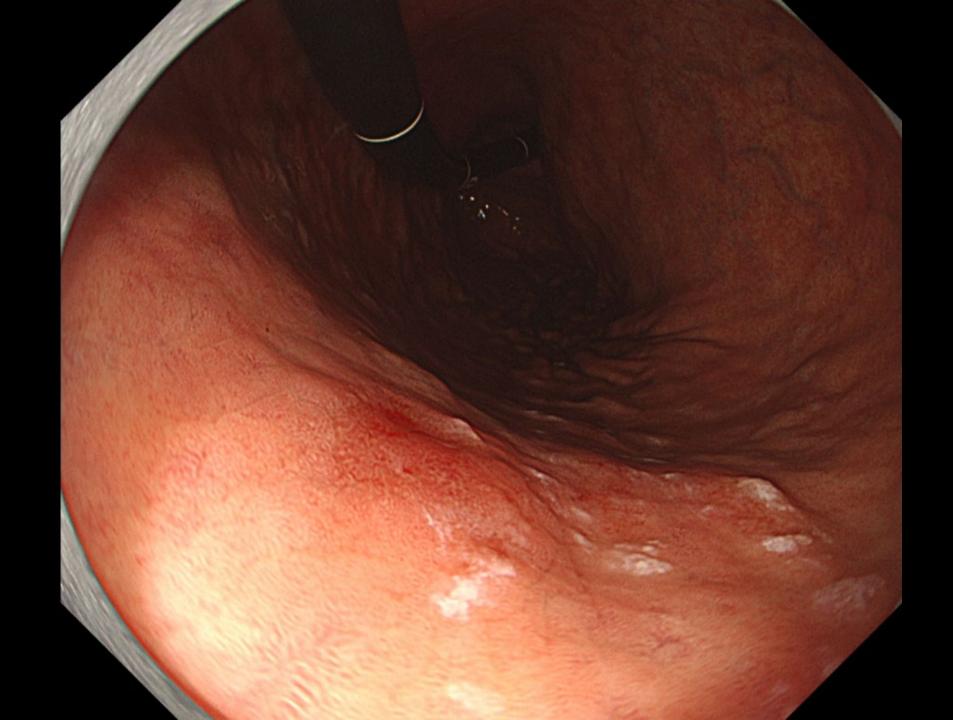
担当 伊丹 久実

白色光(4枚)







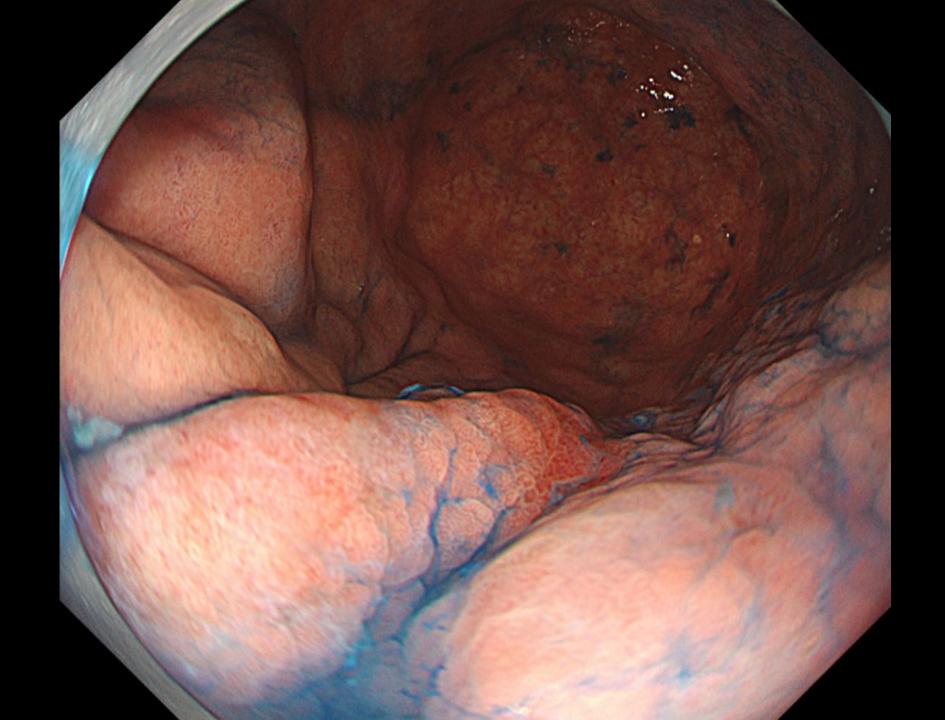




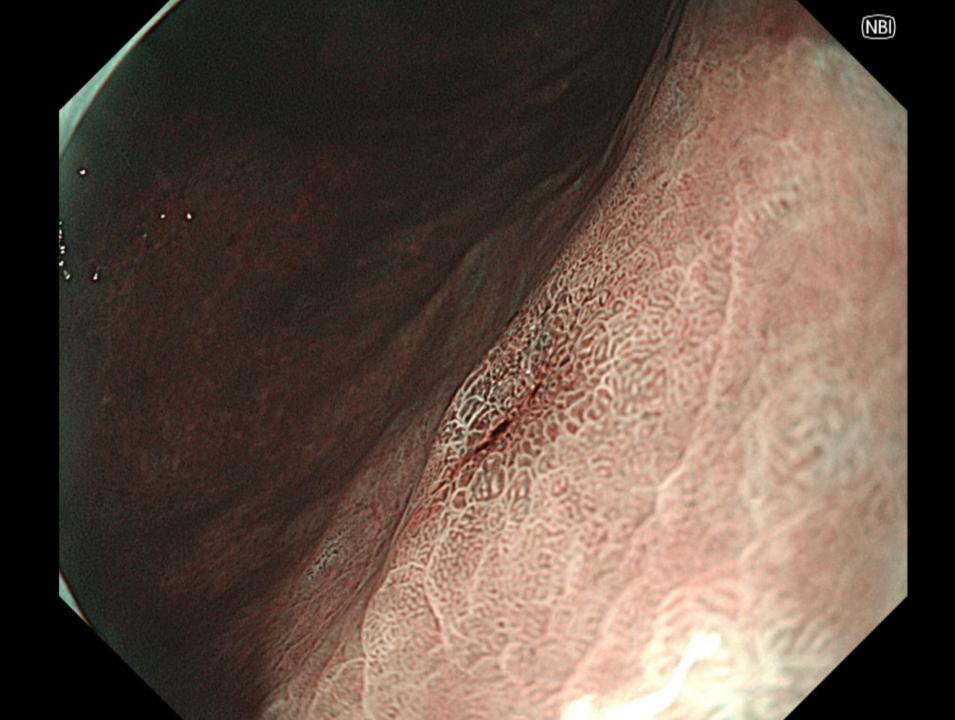
インジゴカルミン散布(3枚)

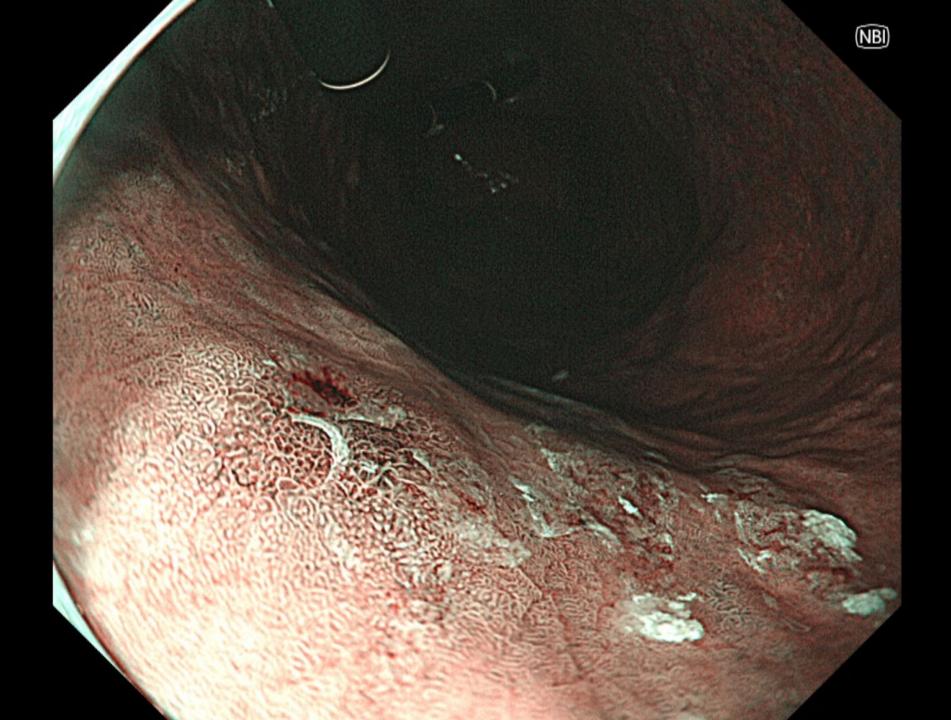


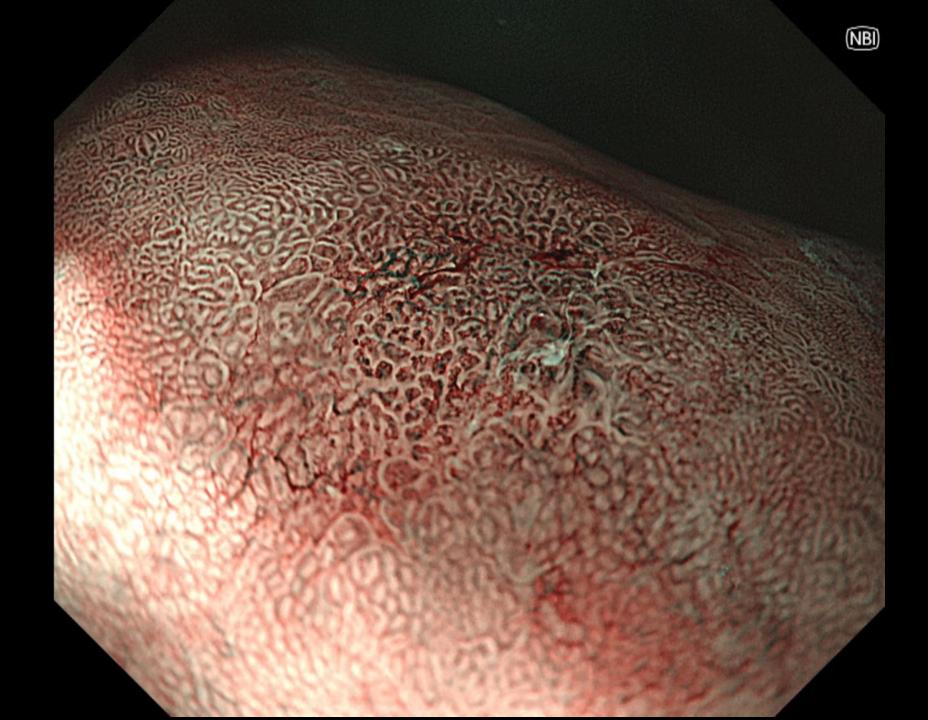


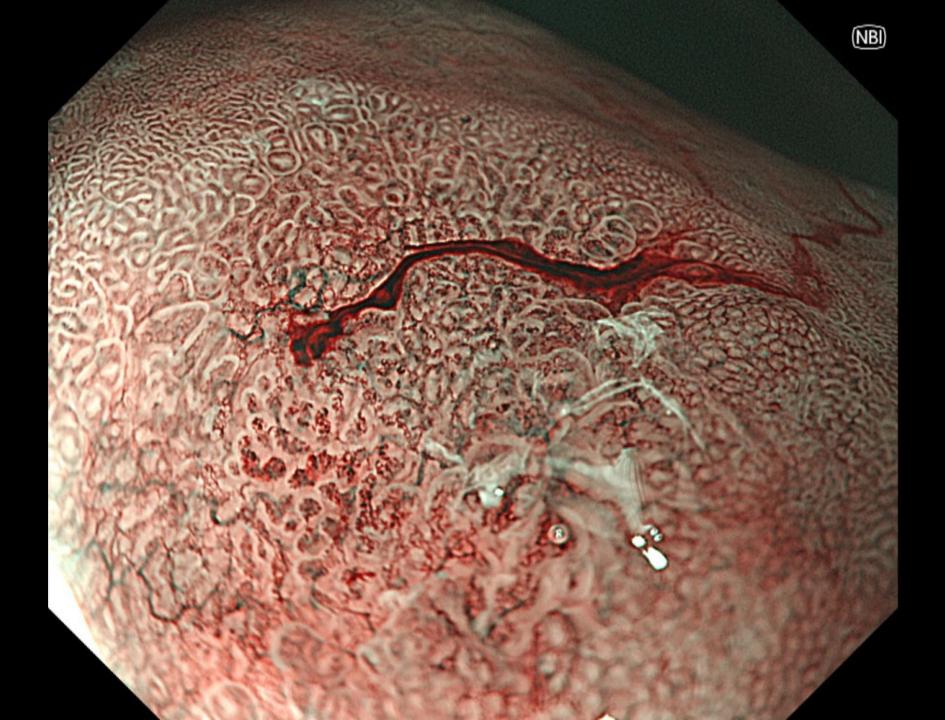


NBI (7枚)













内視鏡診断

大きさ:8mm 肉眼型:0-IIc,分化型

深達度: M, ULO,

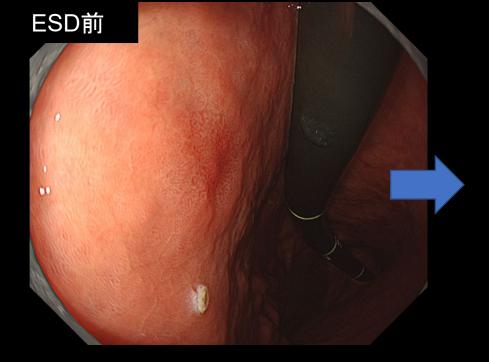
NBI観察: DL 十,

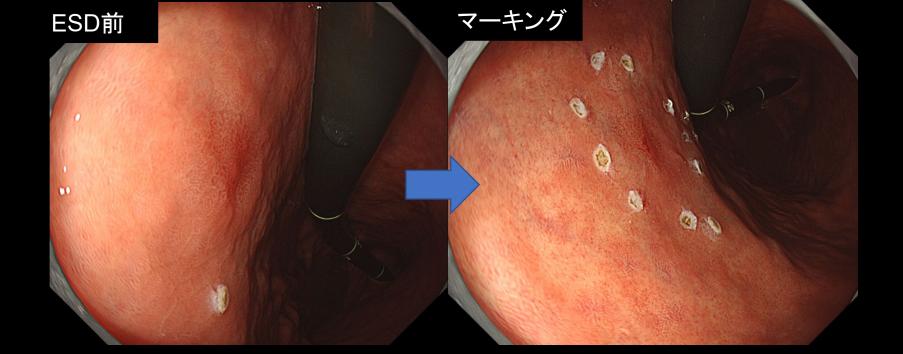
微小血管構造:irregular,

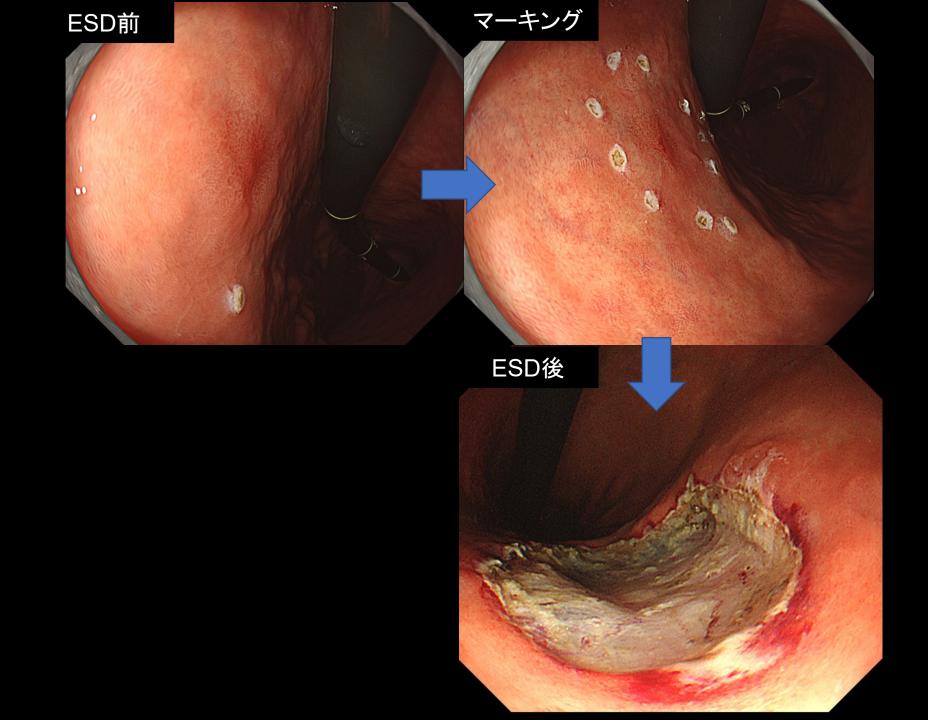
表面微細構造:irregular

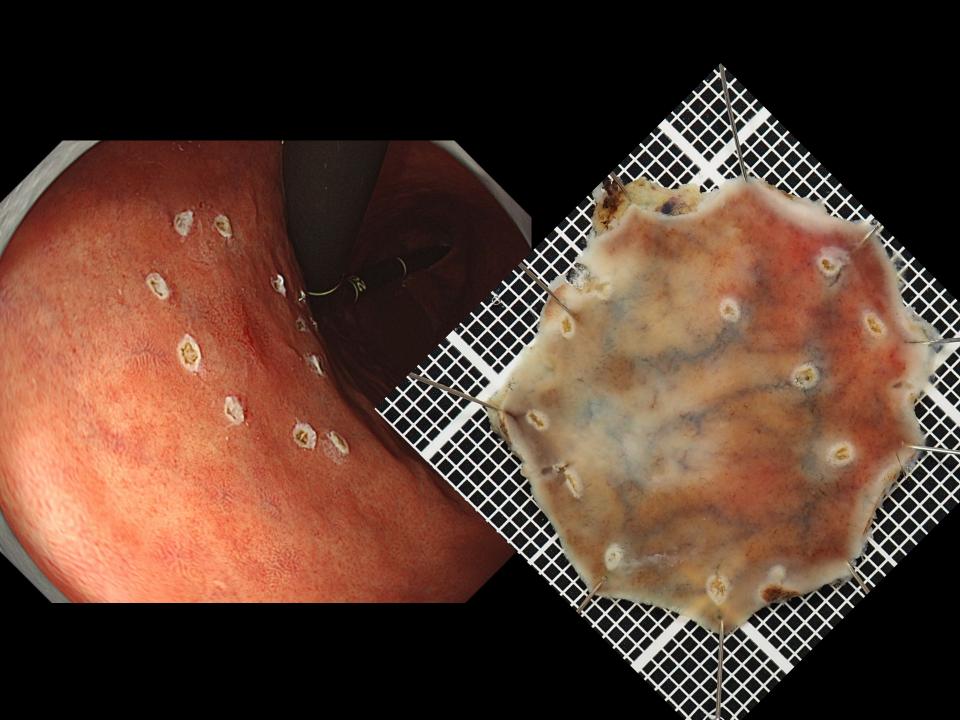
→絶対適応病変としてESD実施の方針

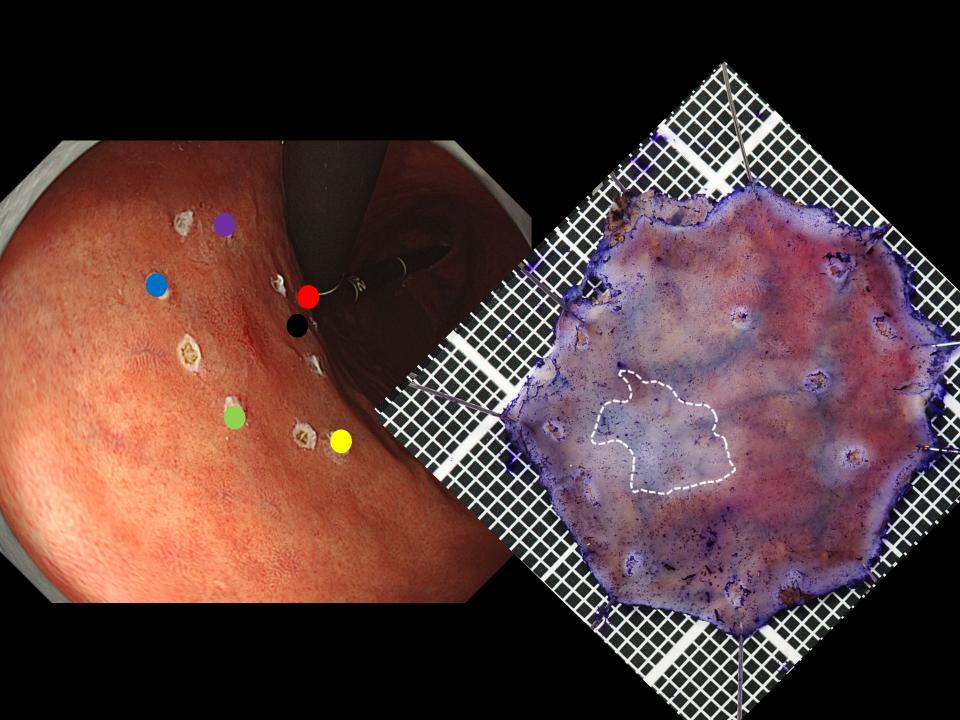
ESD

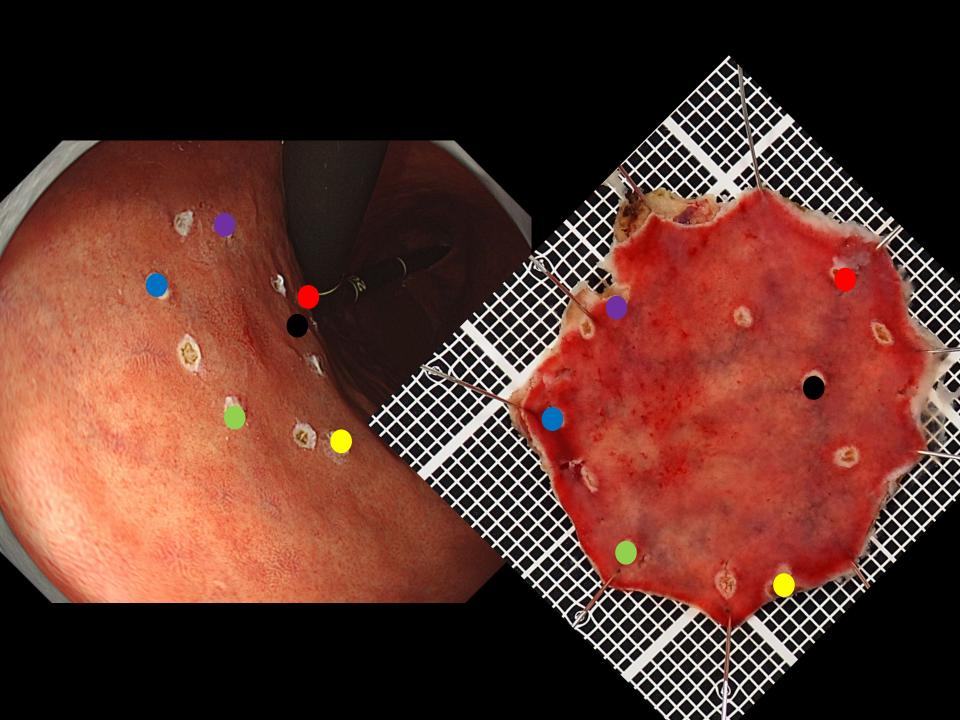




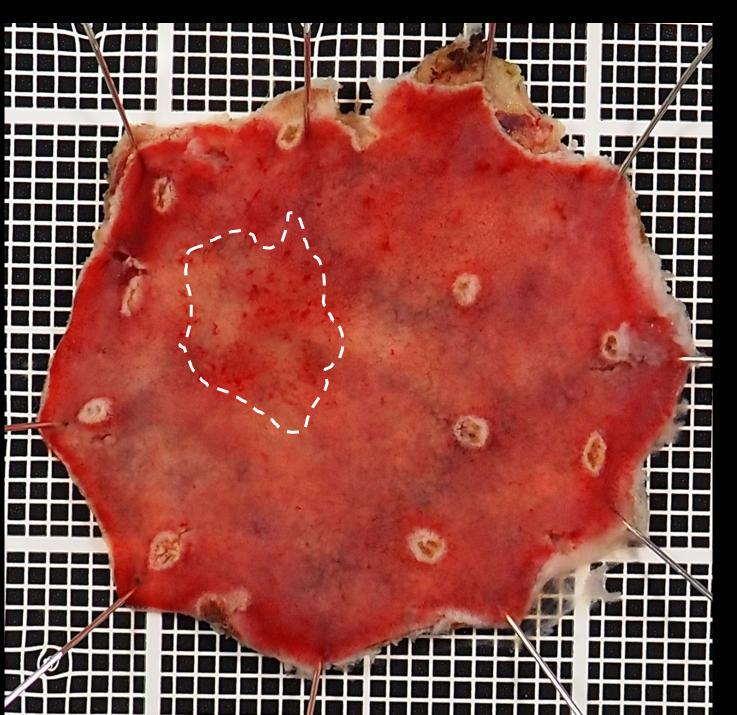








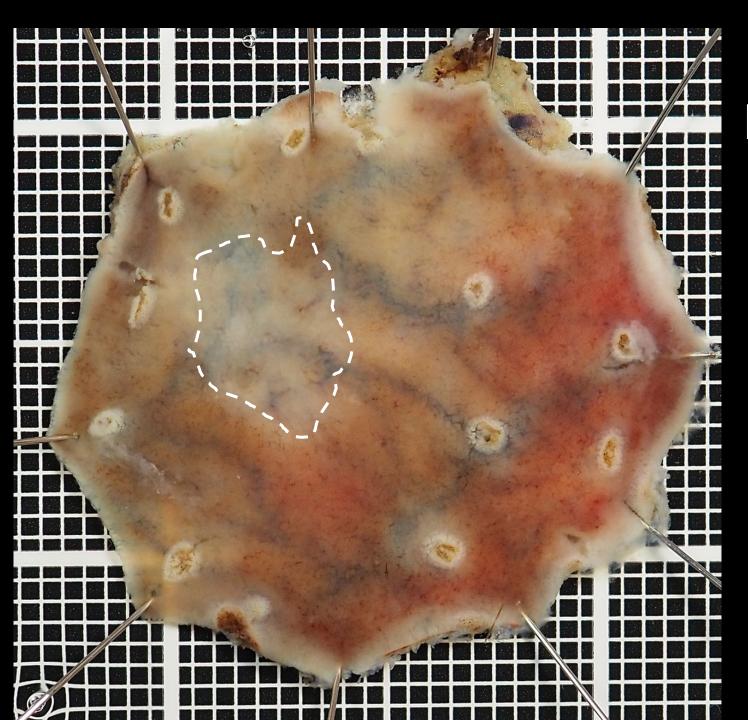






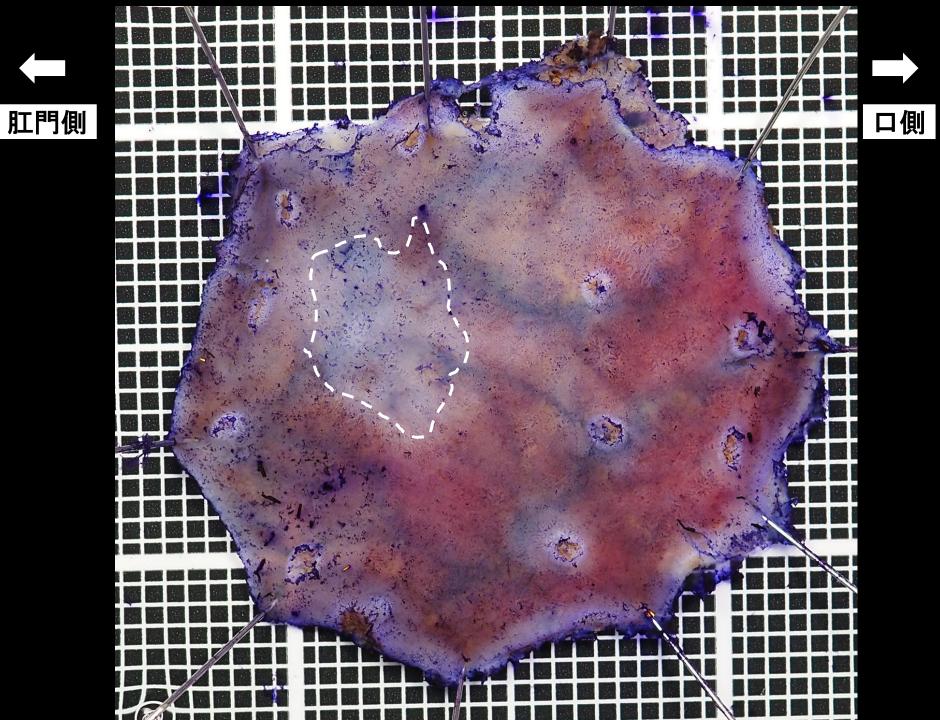


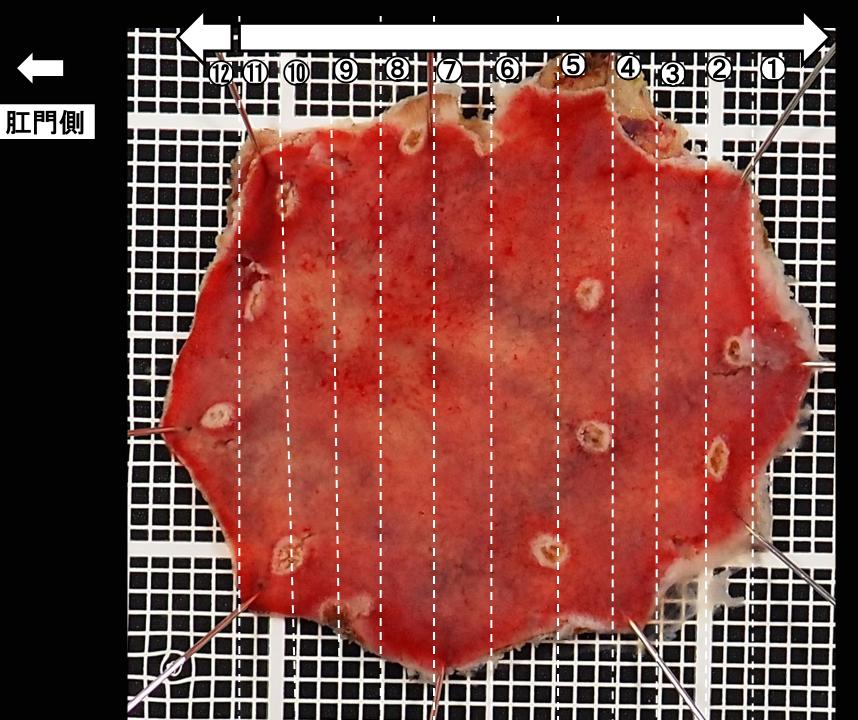






口側

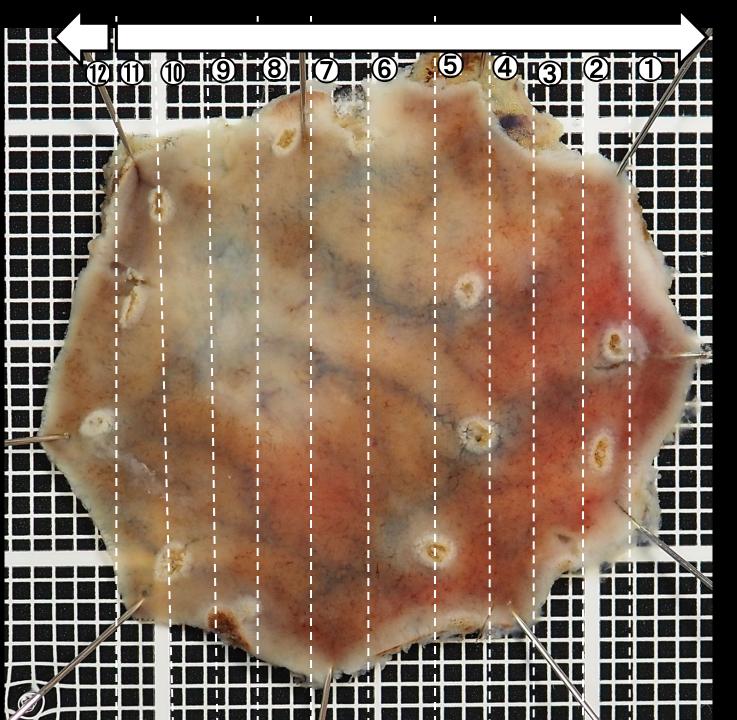






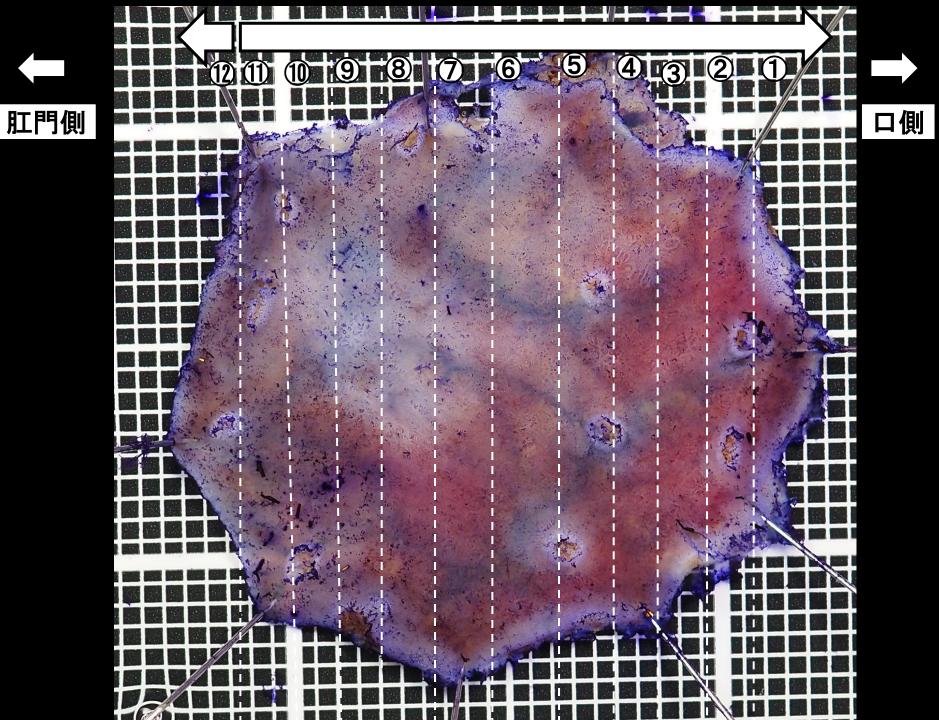


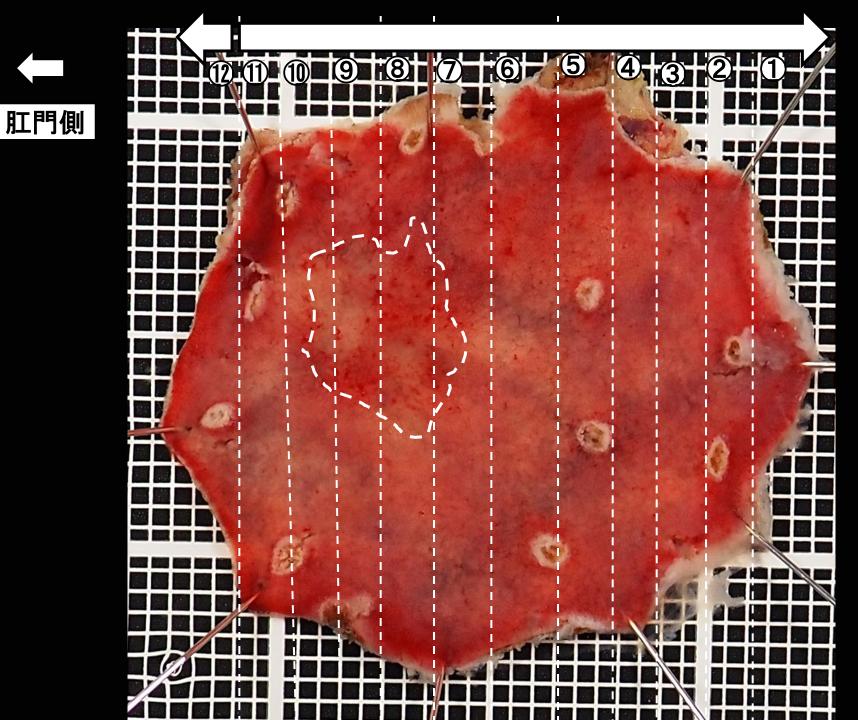








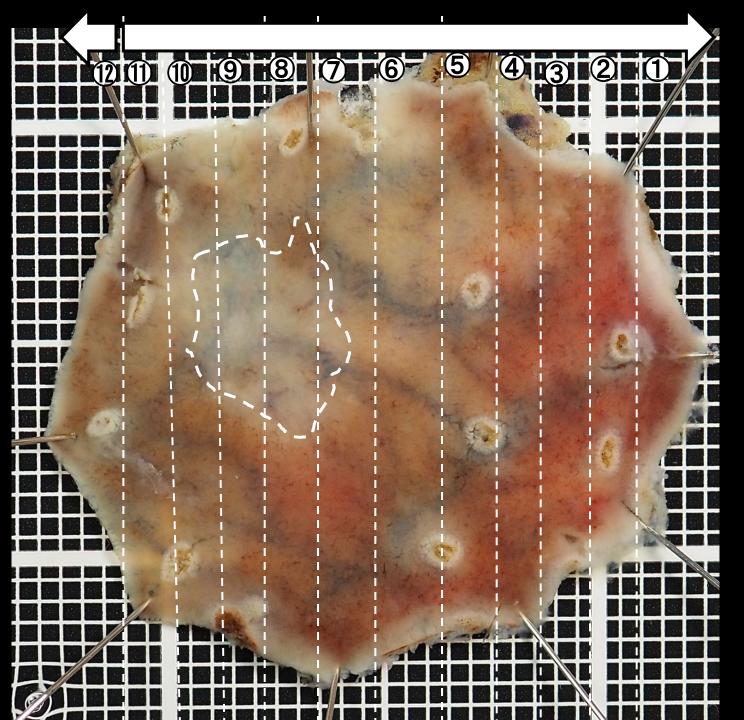






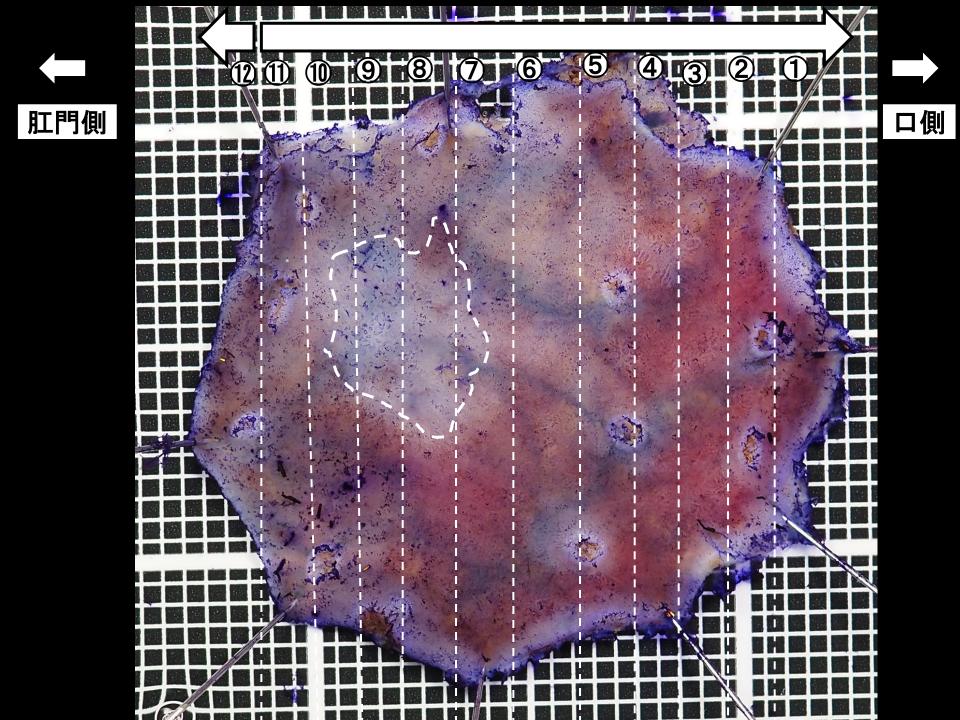




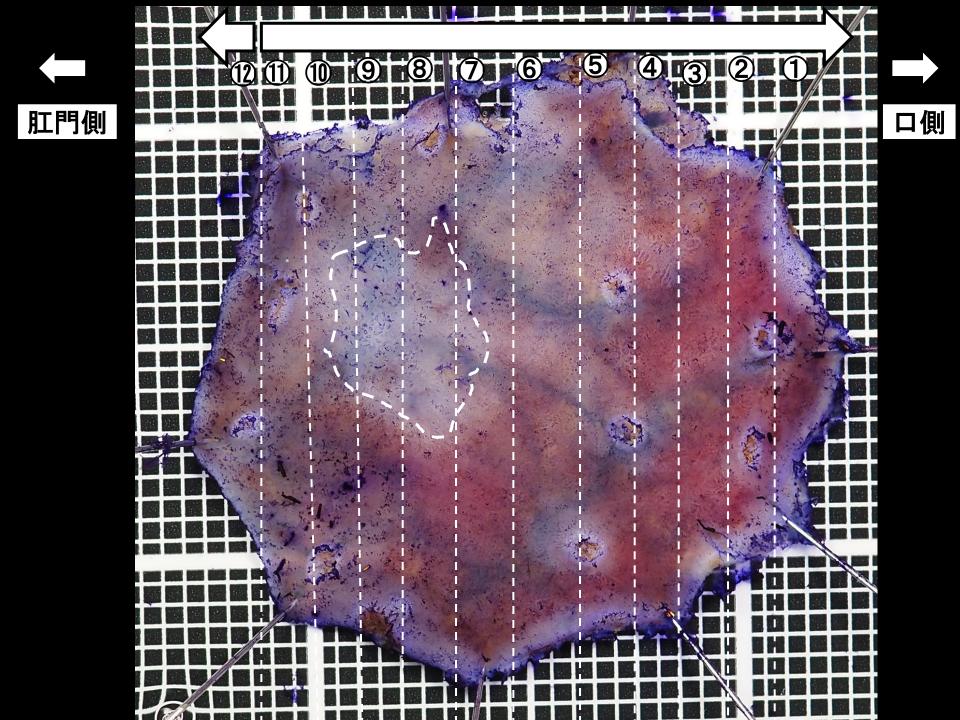


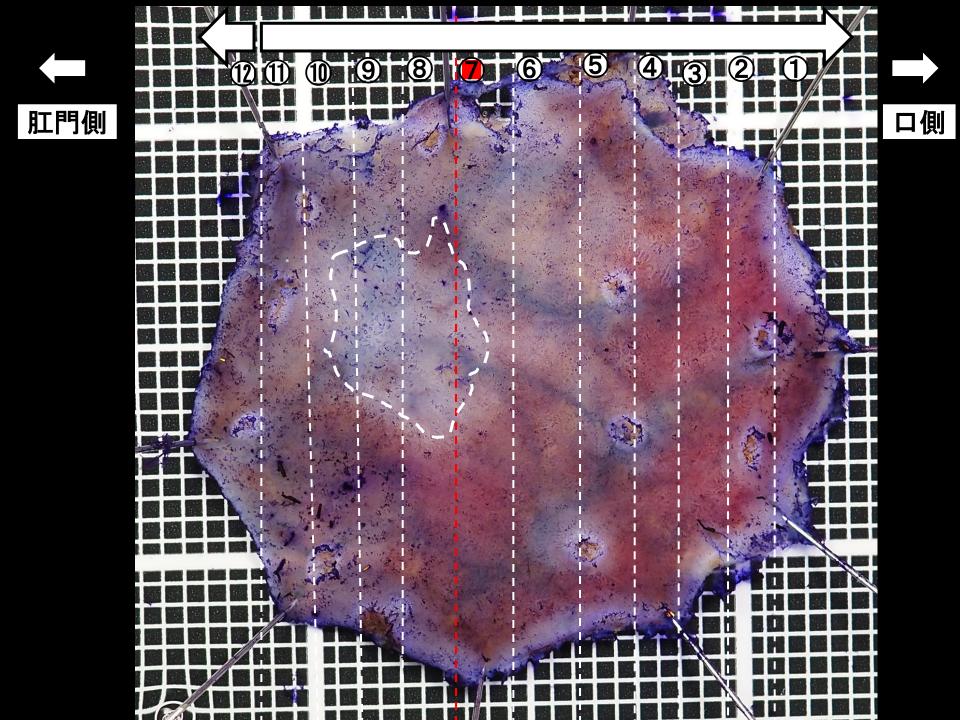


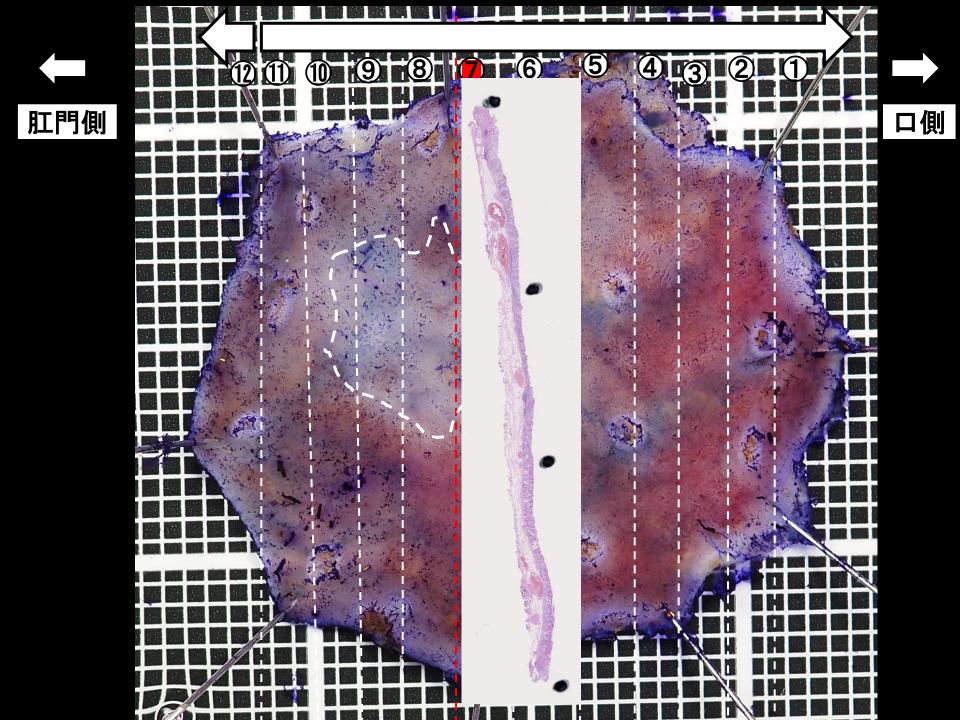
口側

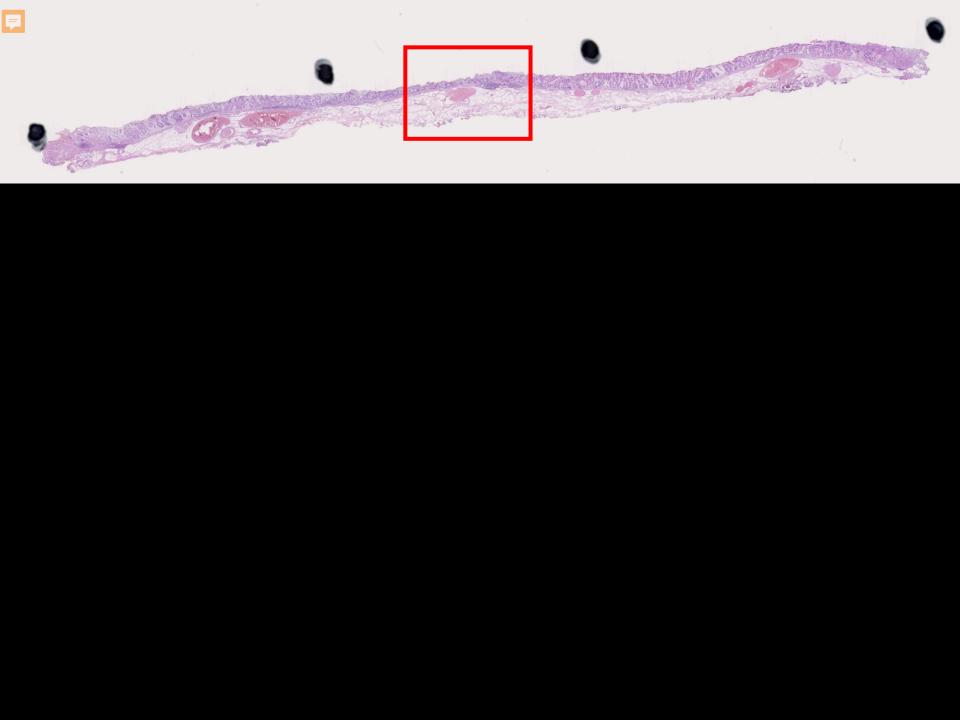


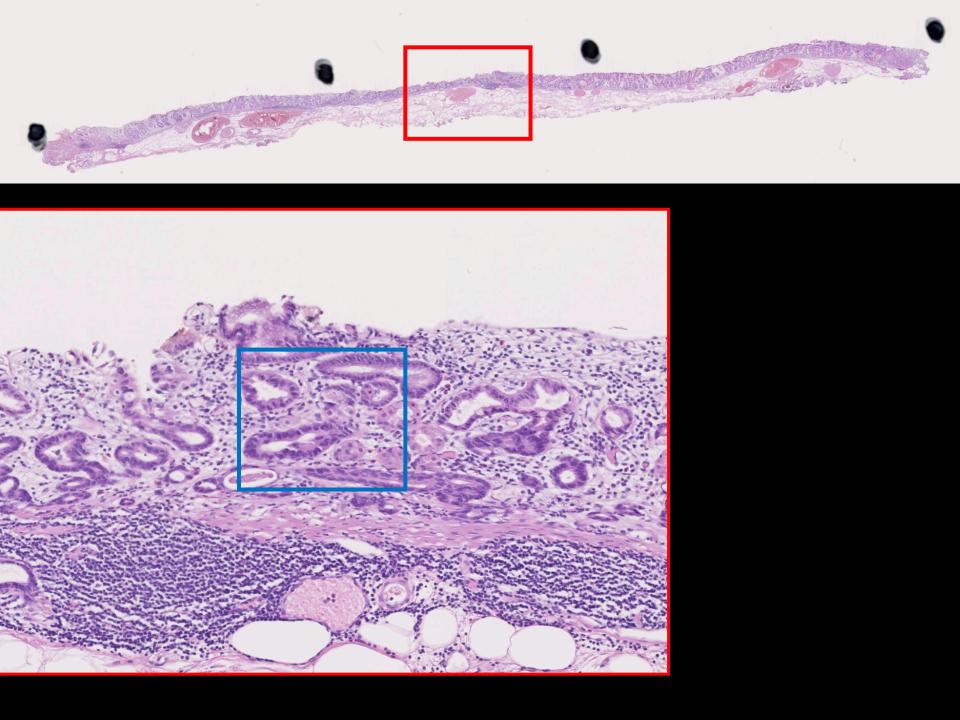
Key Slice

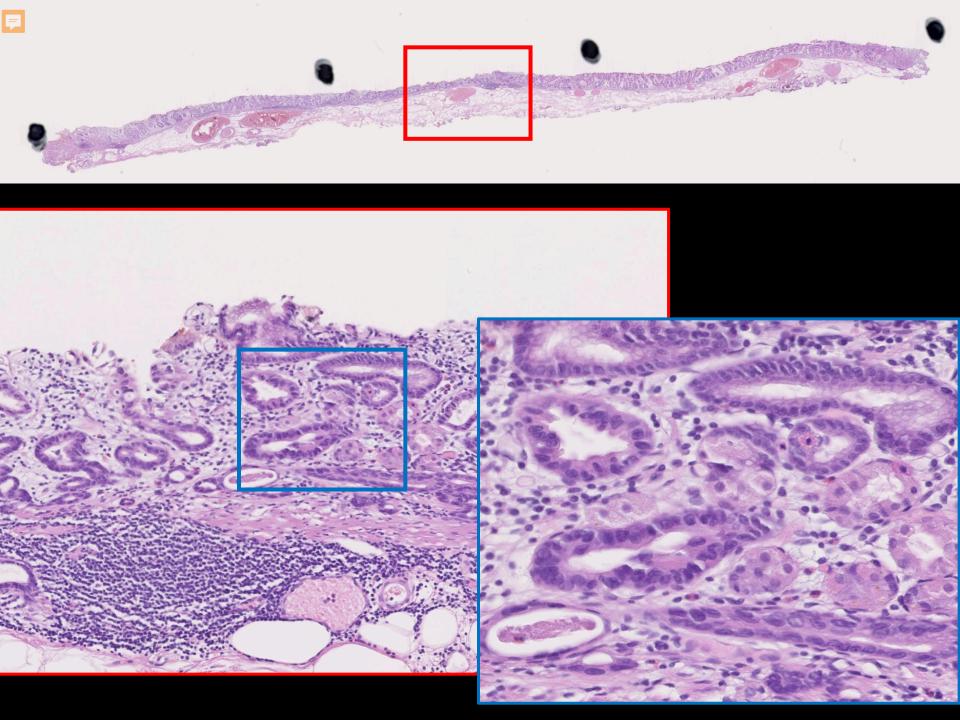


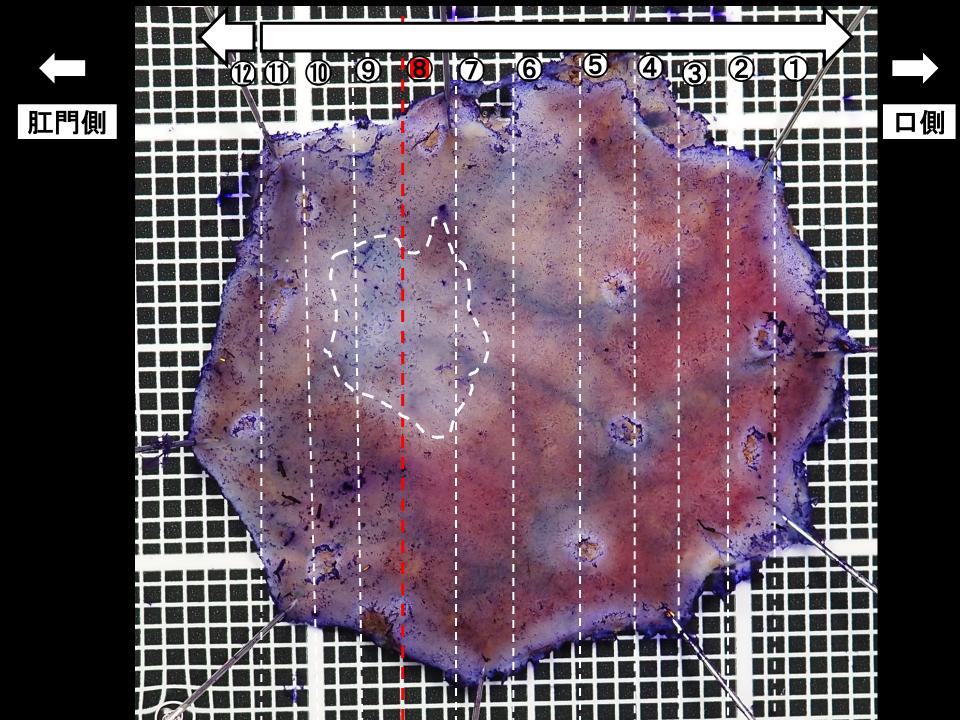


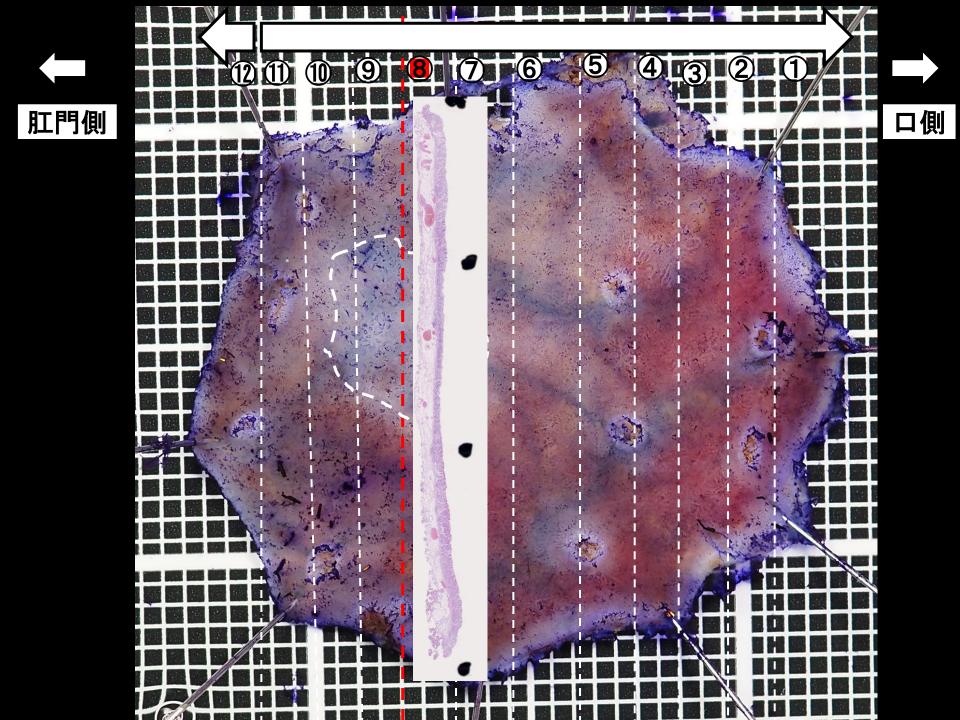


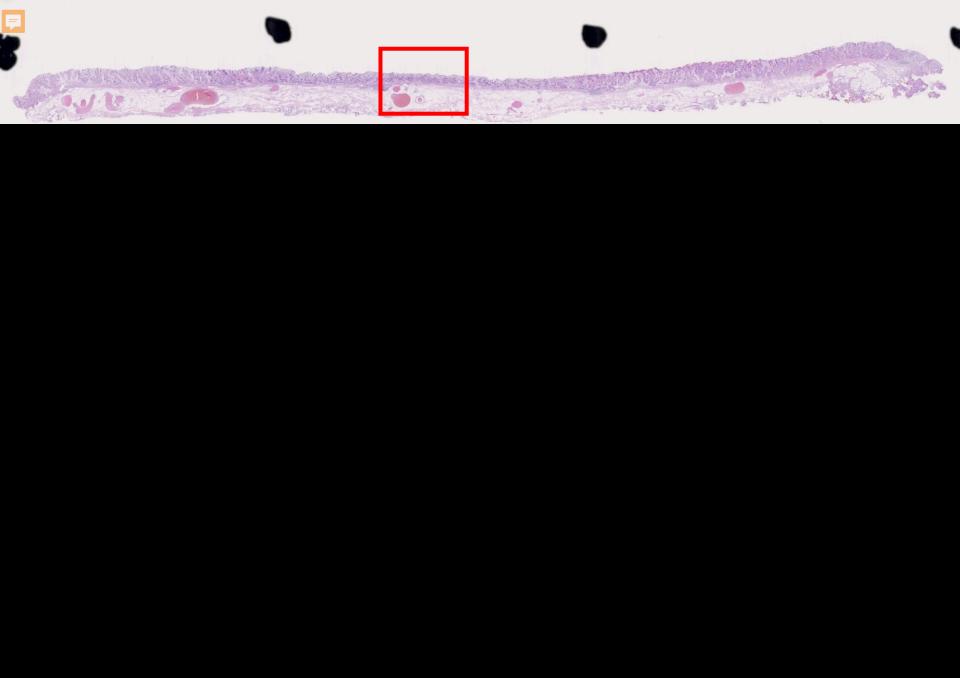




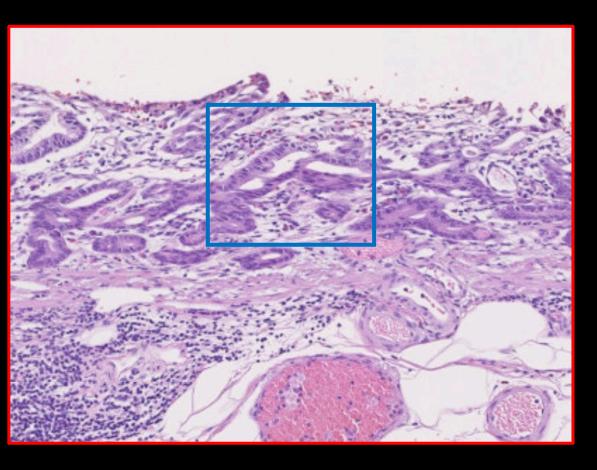


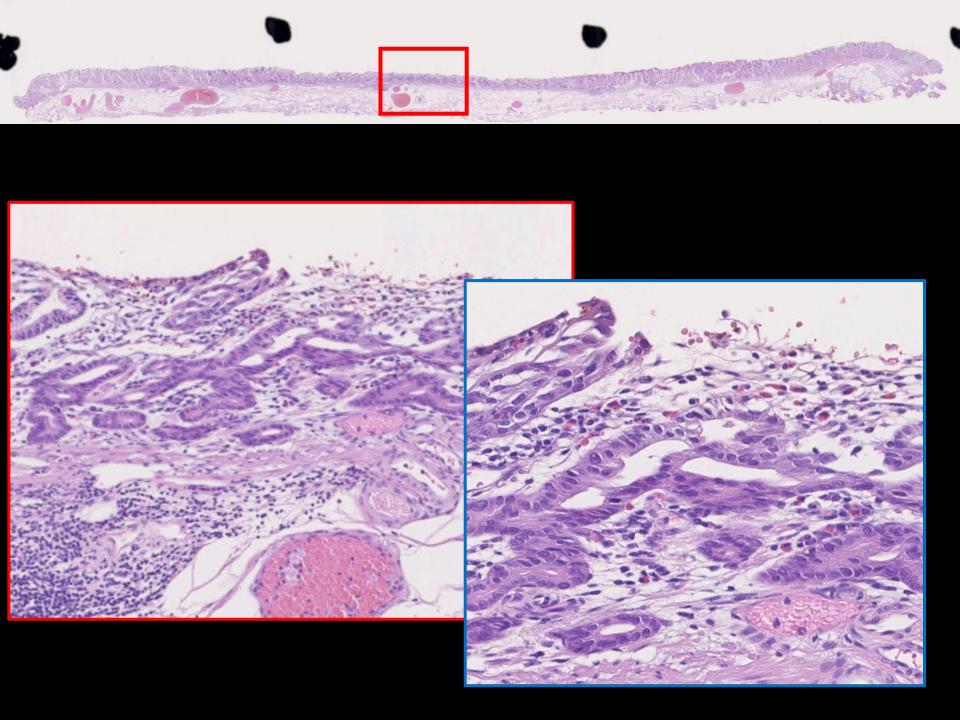


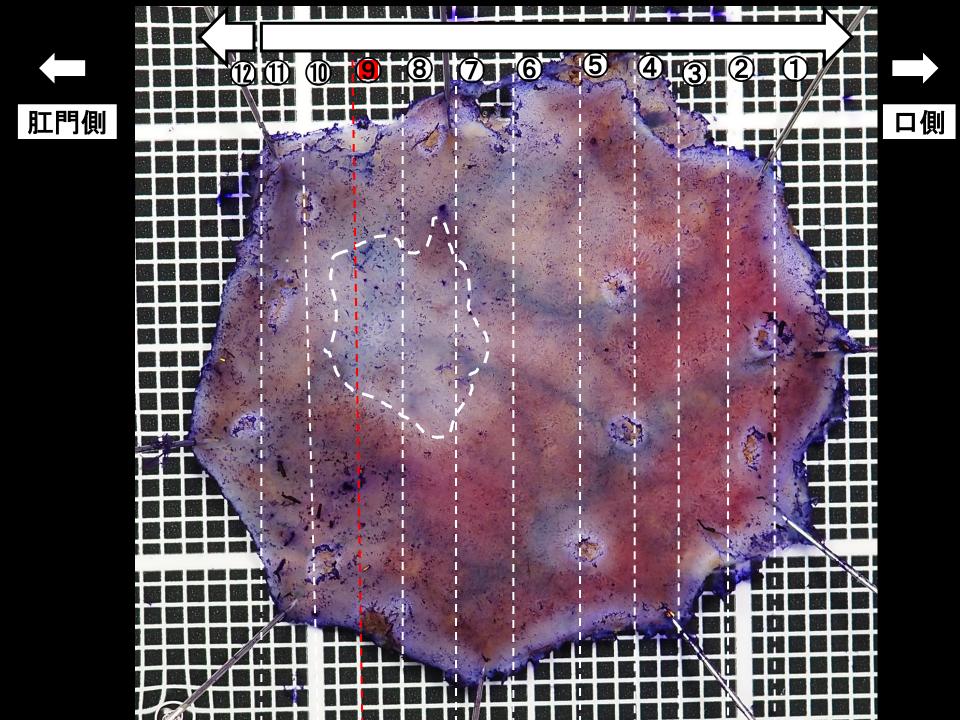


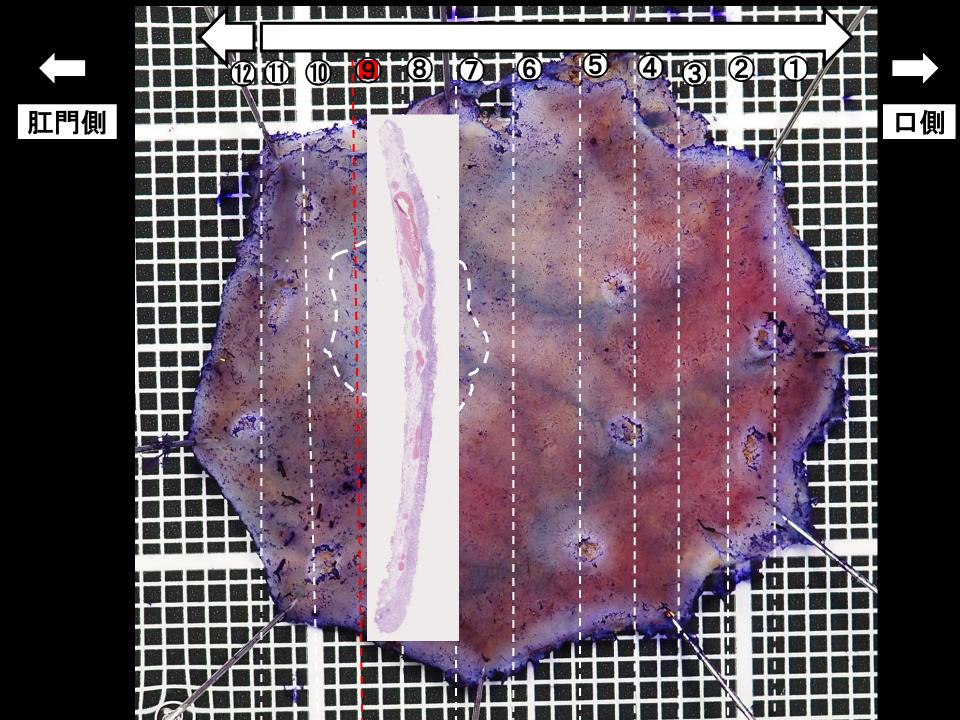




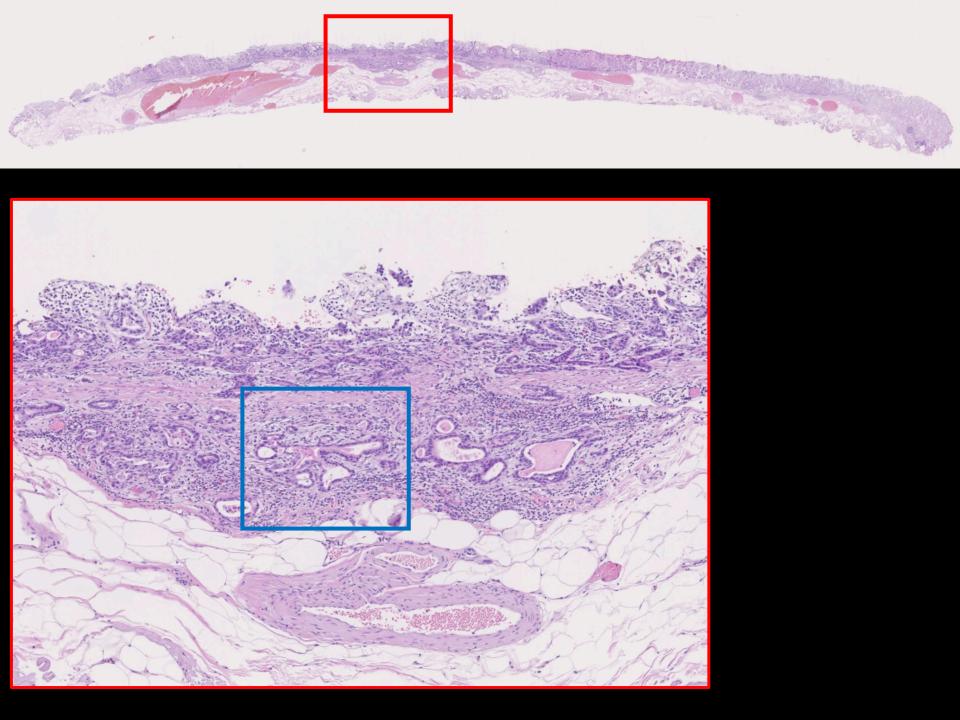


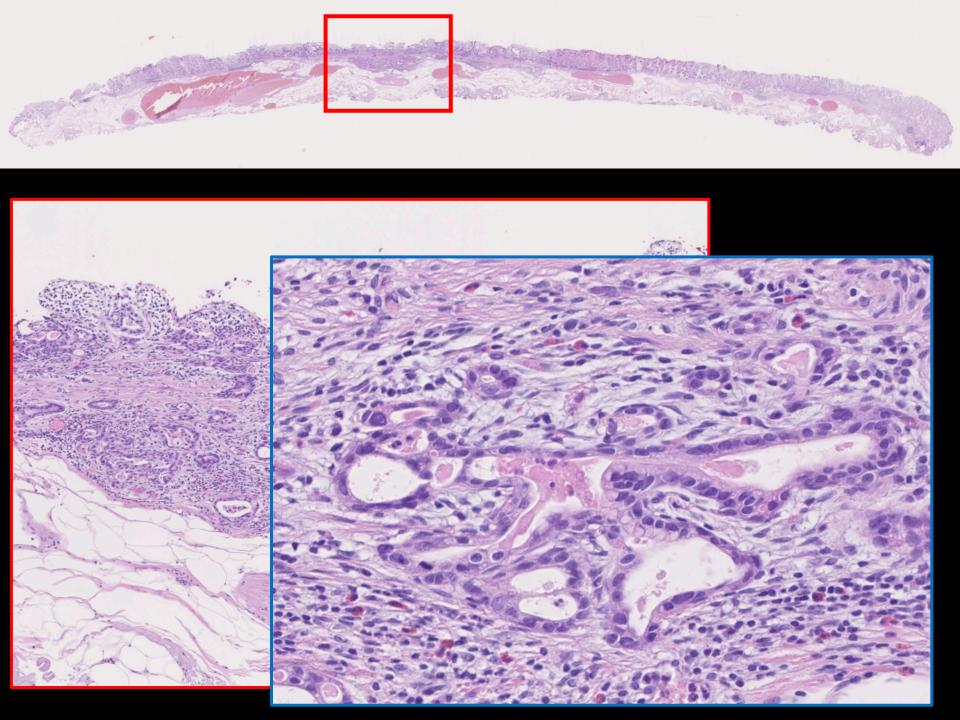


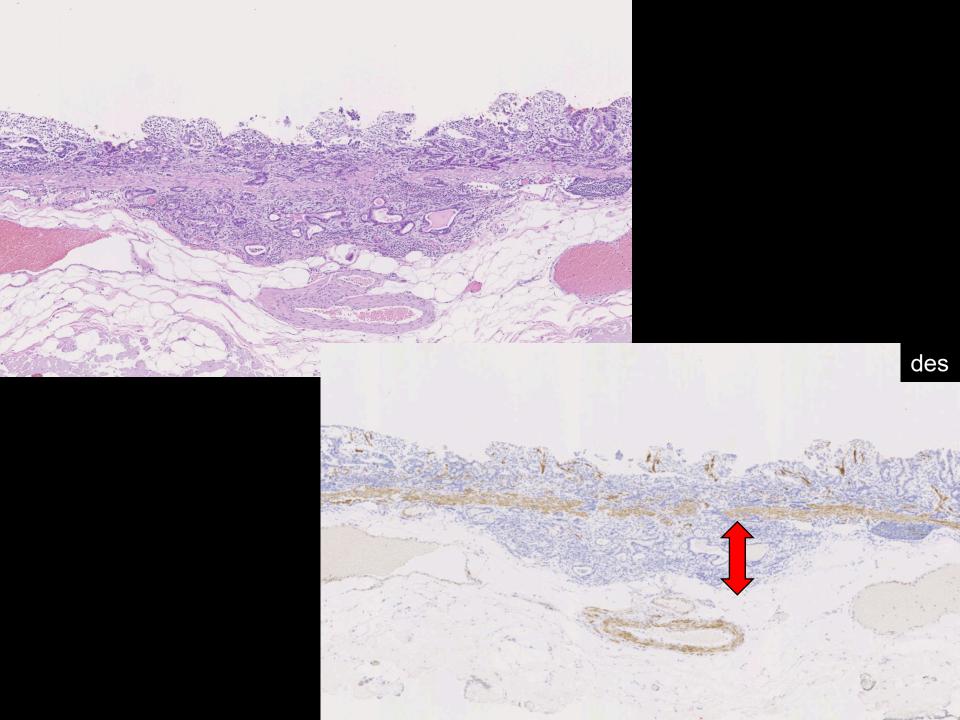


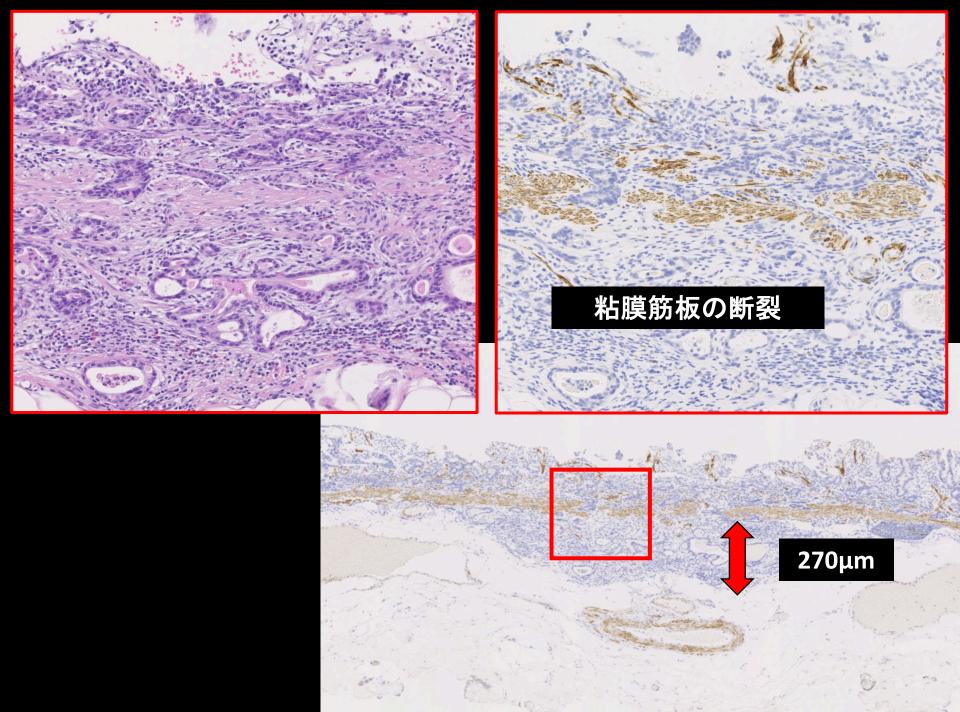


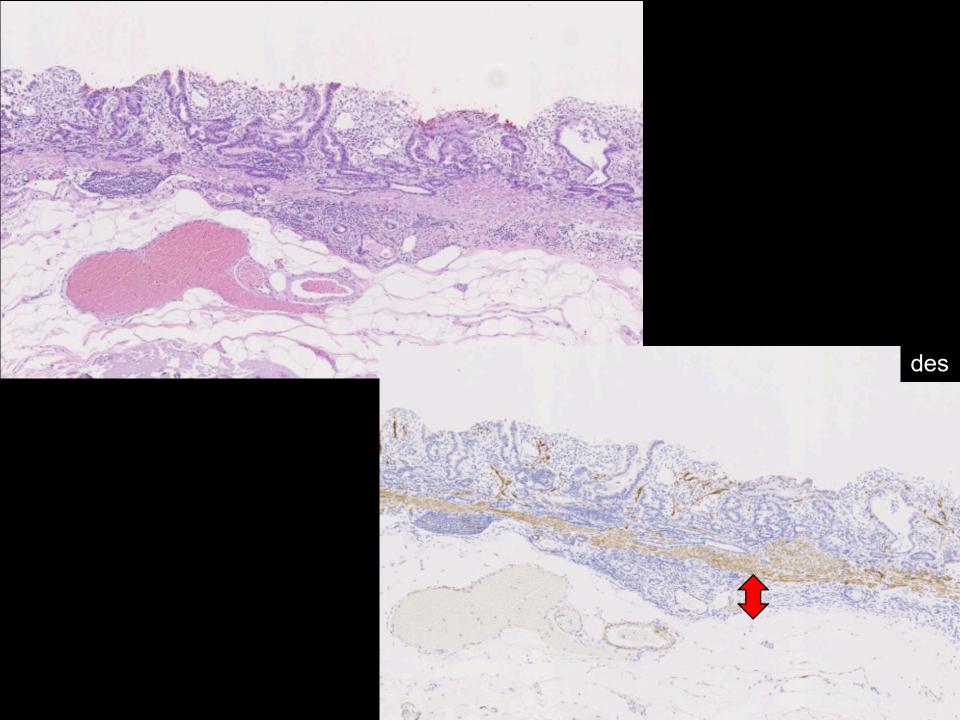


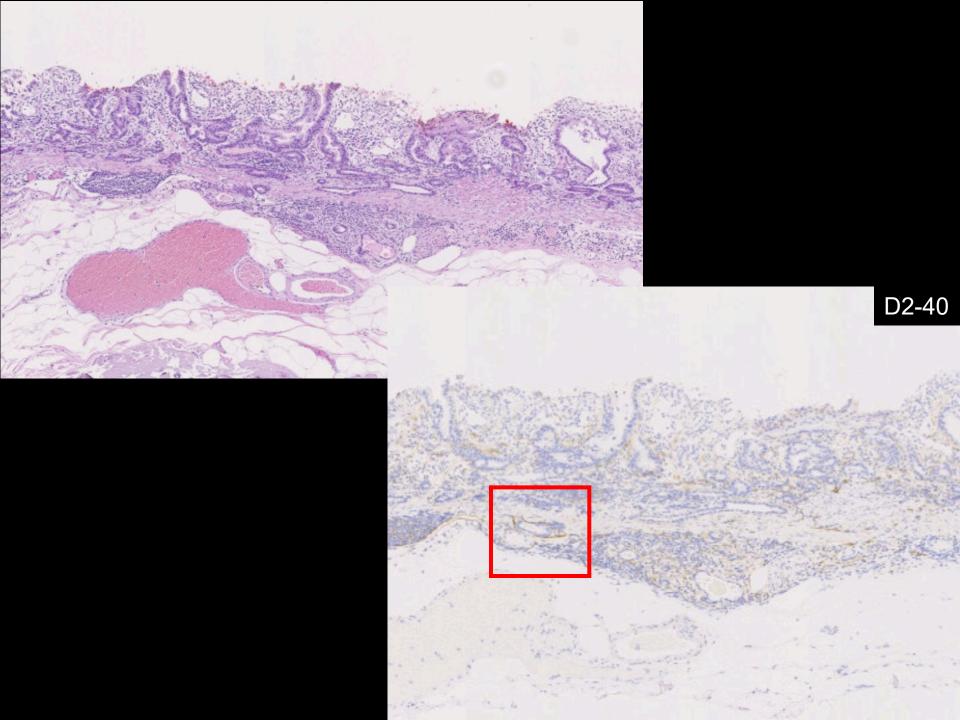


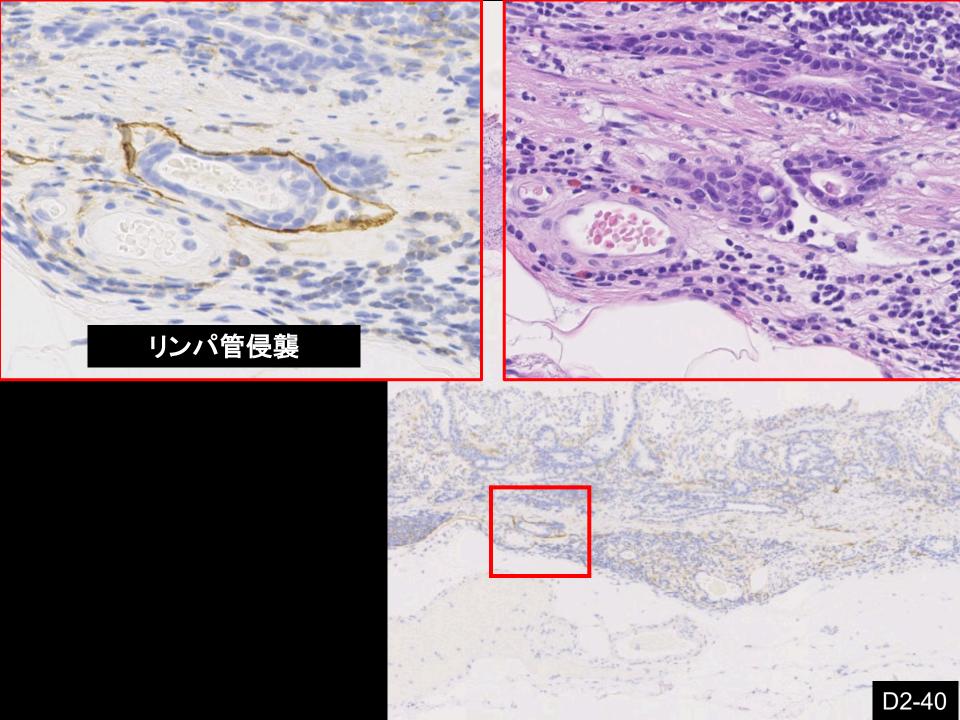












病理診断

tubular adenocarcinoma, well differenciated(tub1>tub2), pT1b1(SM1, 270μm), INFb, Ly1a(D2-40), V0(EVG), pUL0, pHM0(6000μm), pVM0(500μm)

e-Cura C2

→ロボット補助下腹腔鏡下幽門側胃切除術 Stomach, distal gastrectomy: no residual carcinoma (status post ESD). Lymph node, dissection: no evidence of malignancy.

Mapping

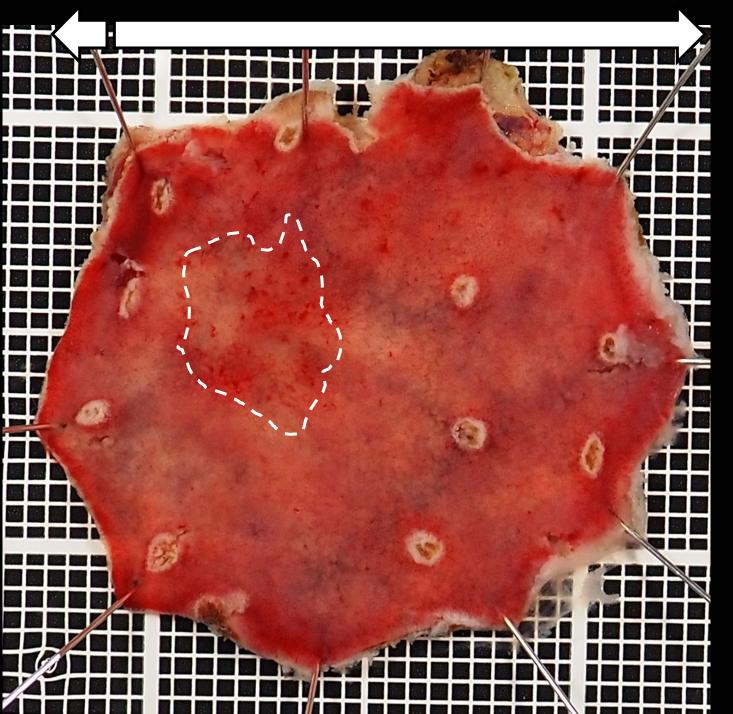




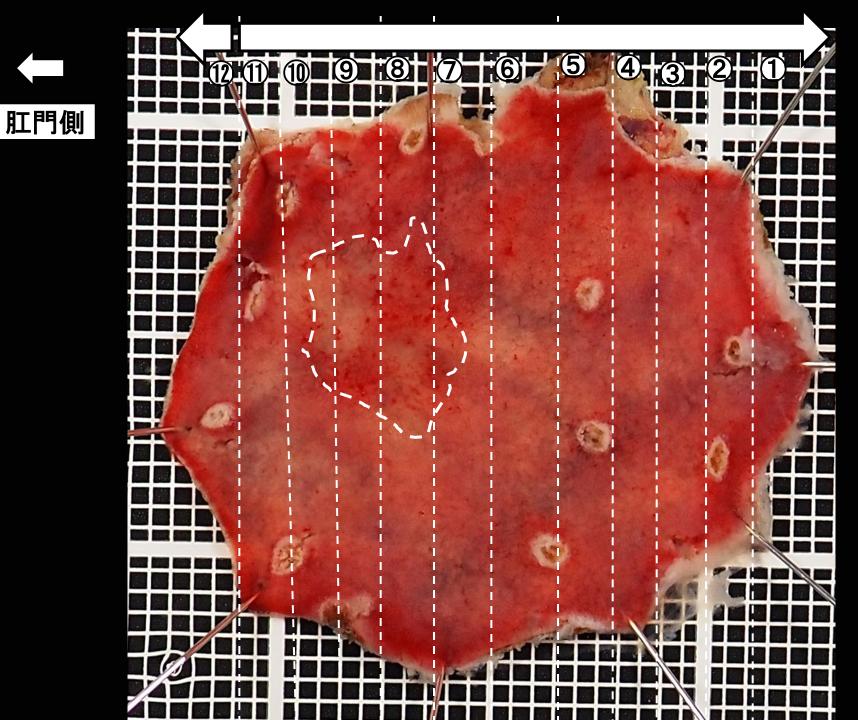






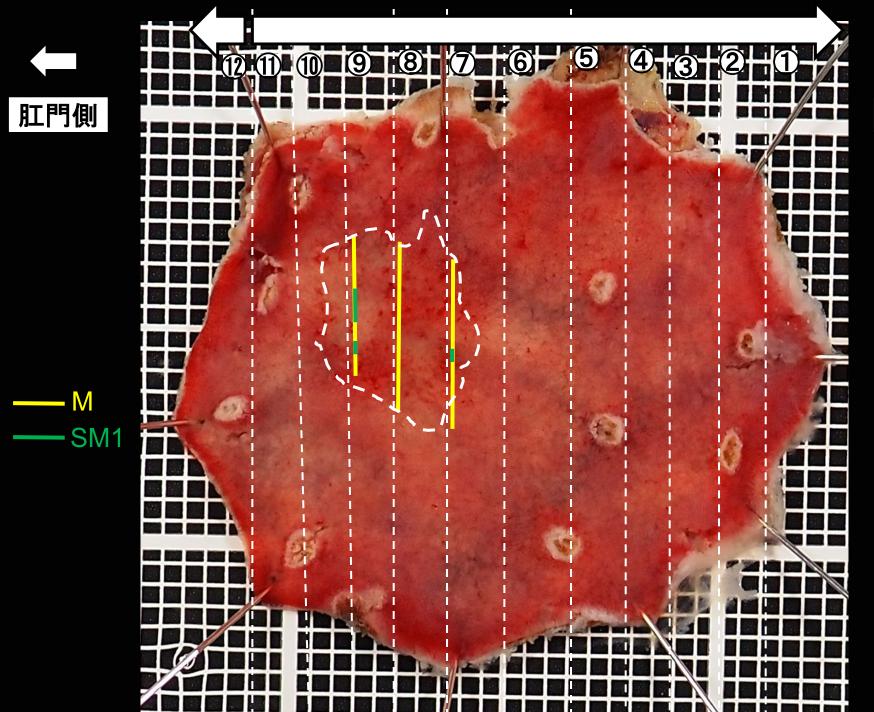






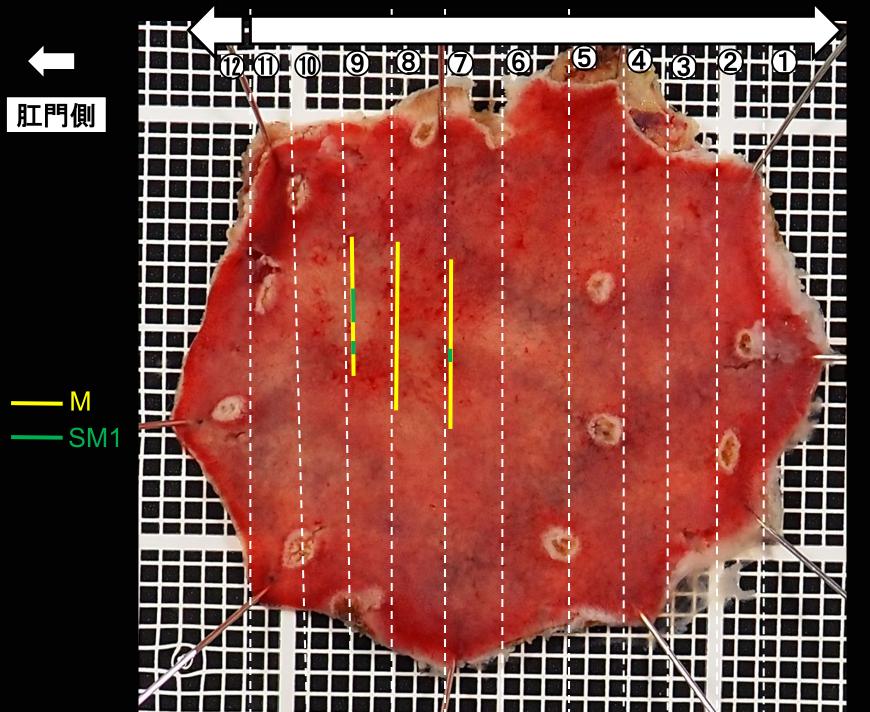






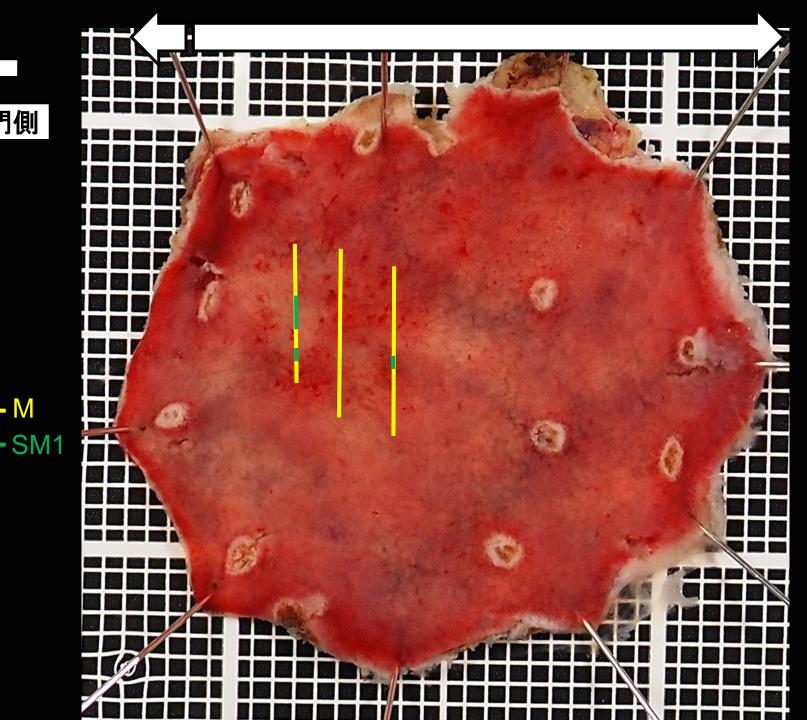












肛門側

M



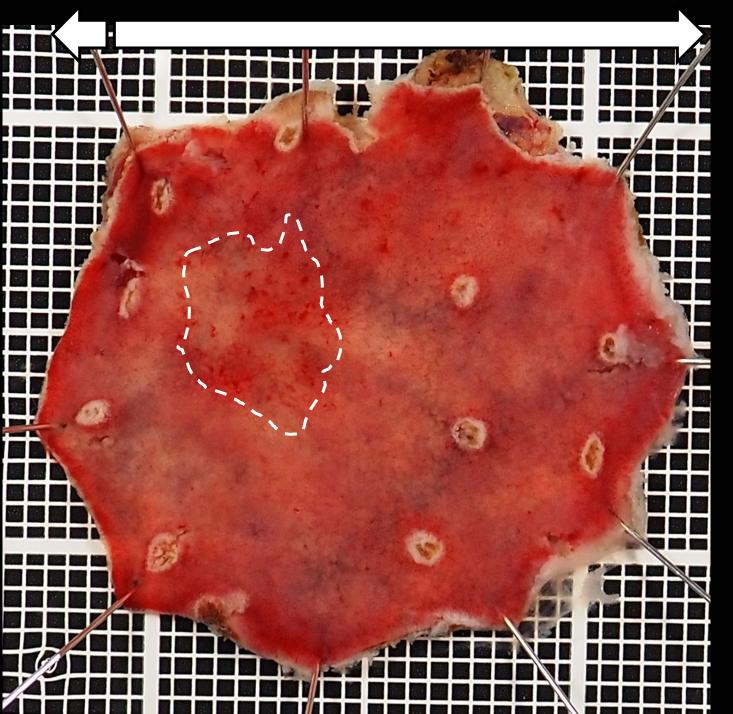




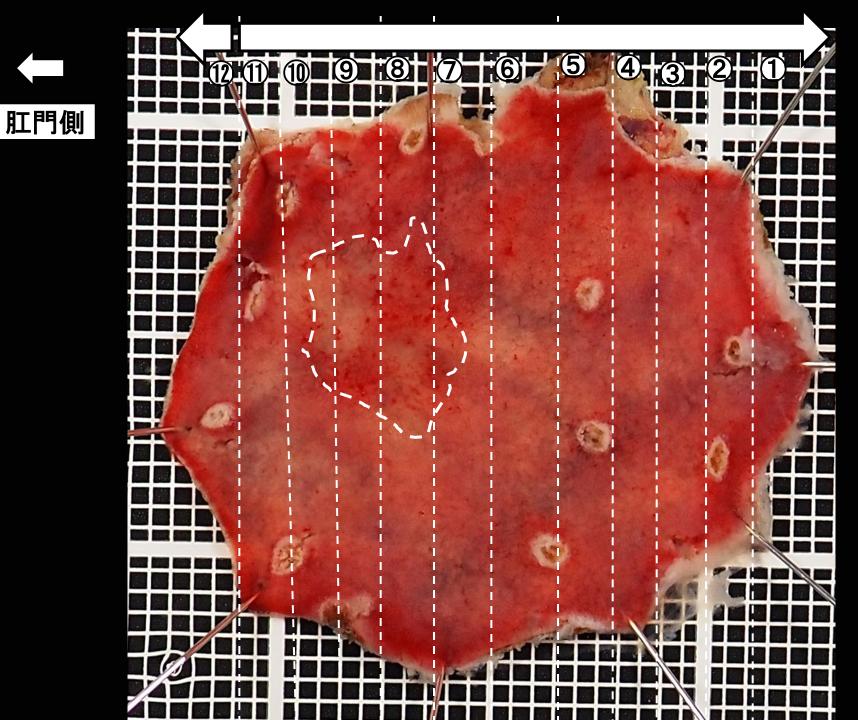






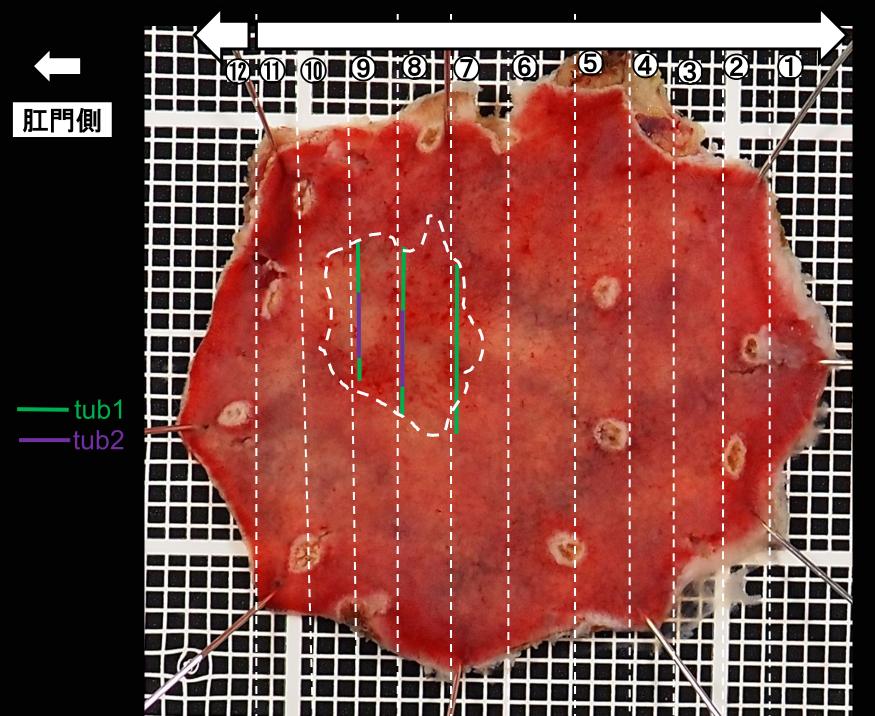




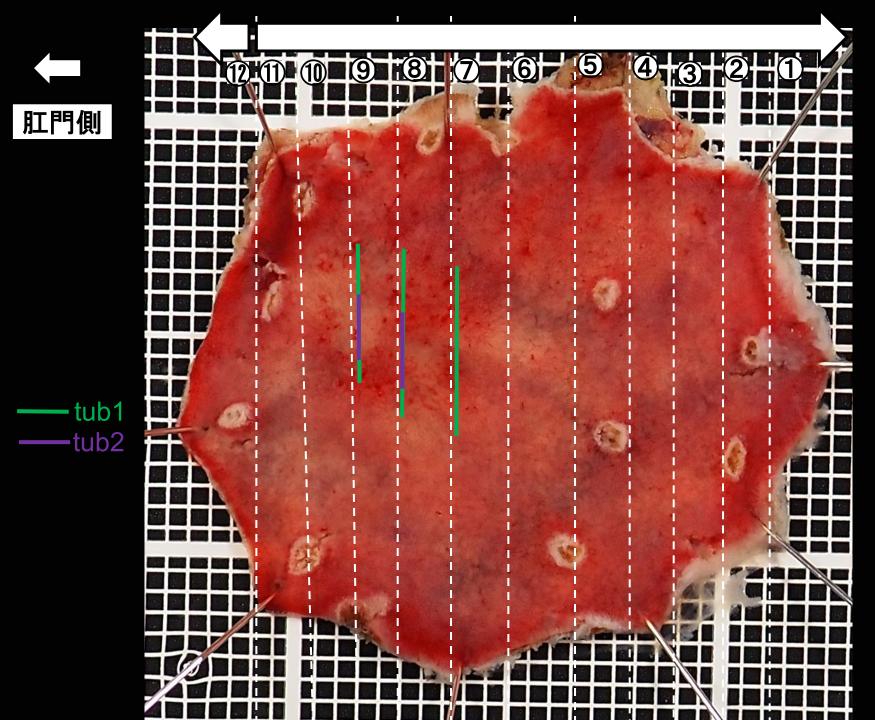










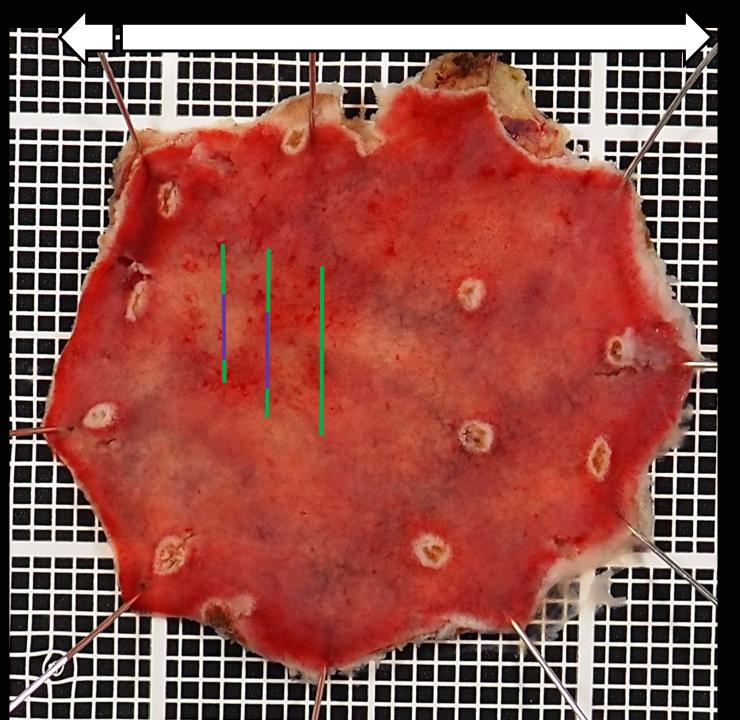








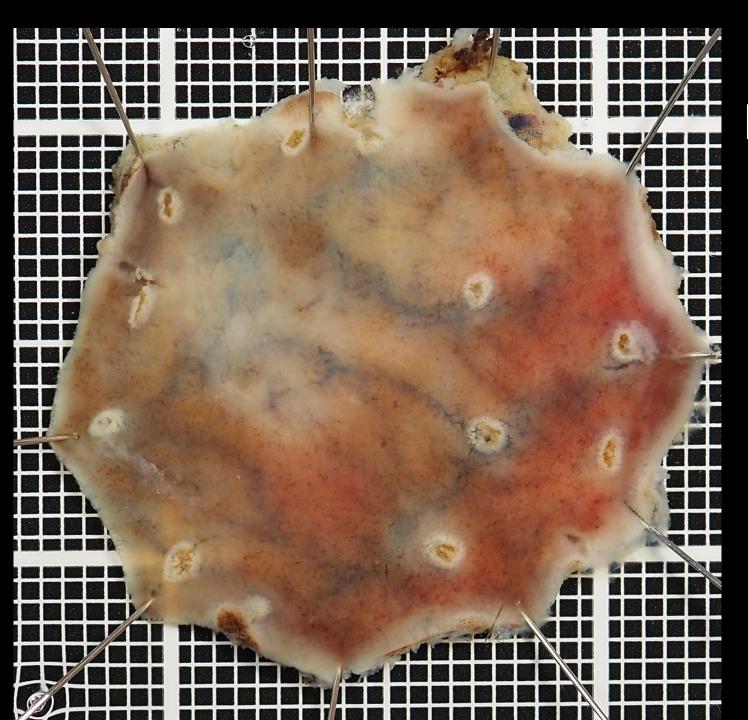
tub2





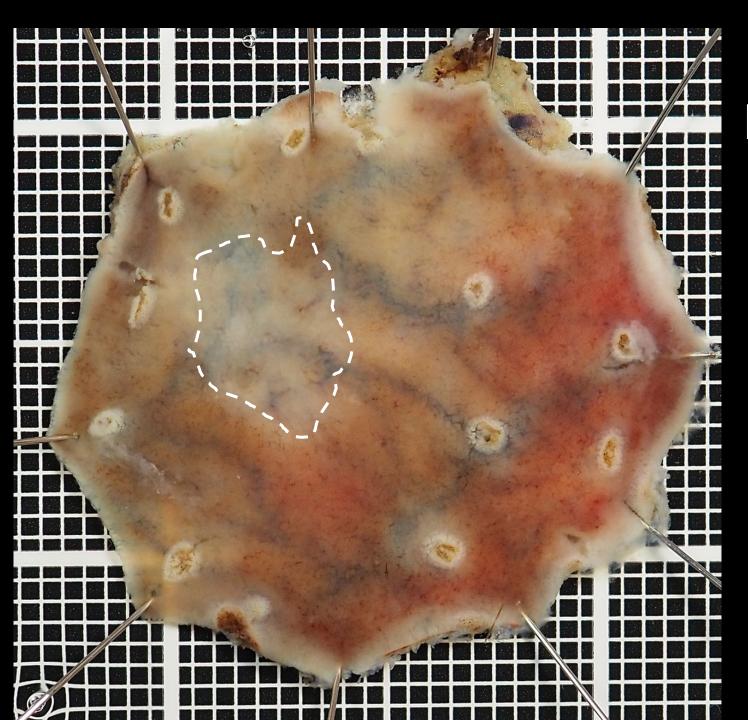






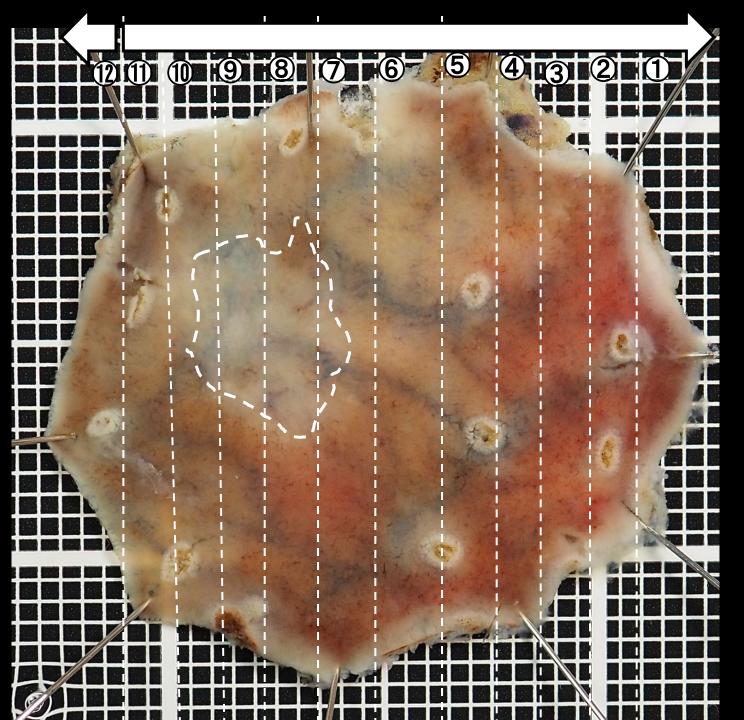






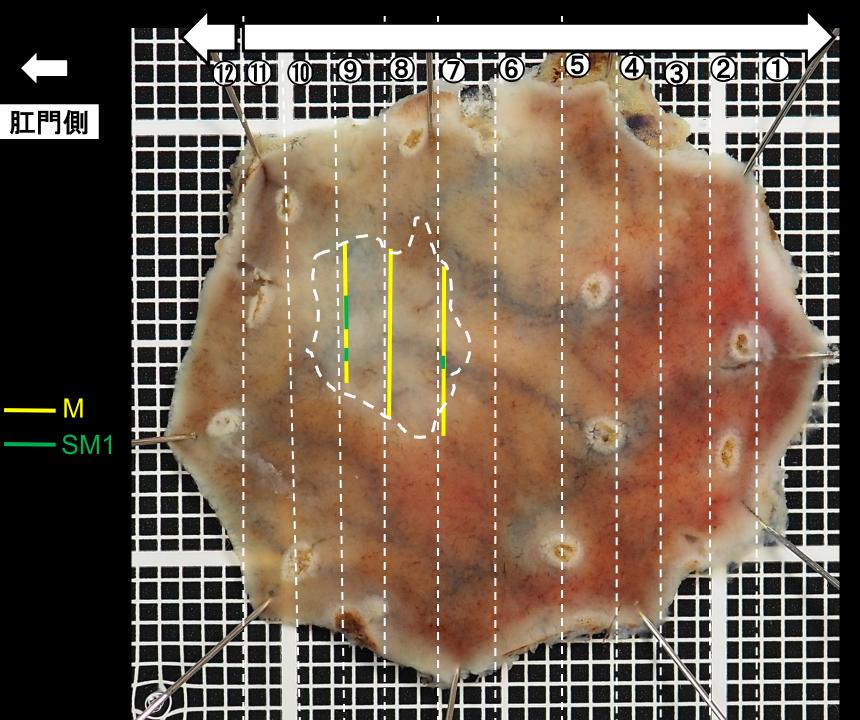




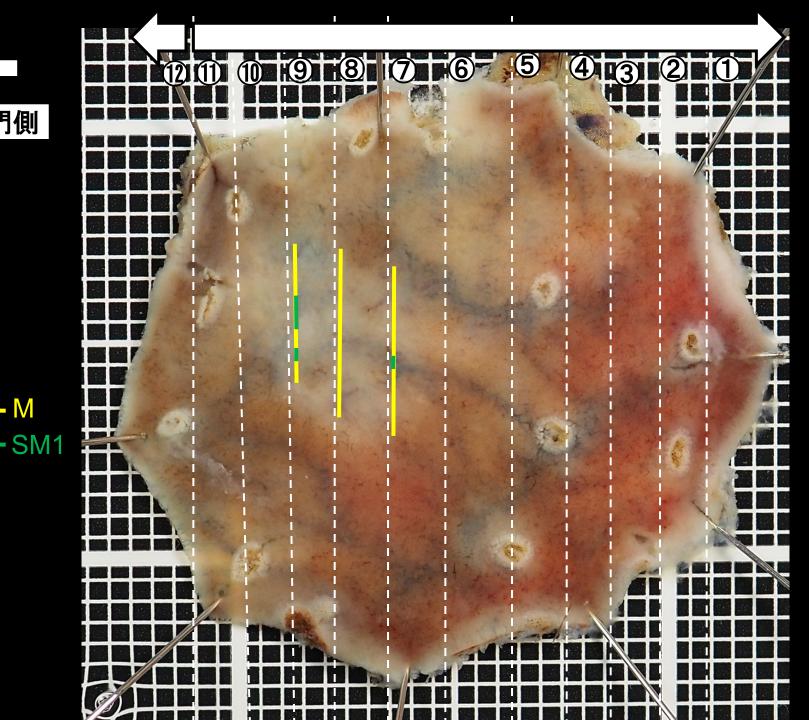










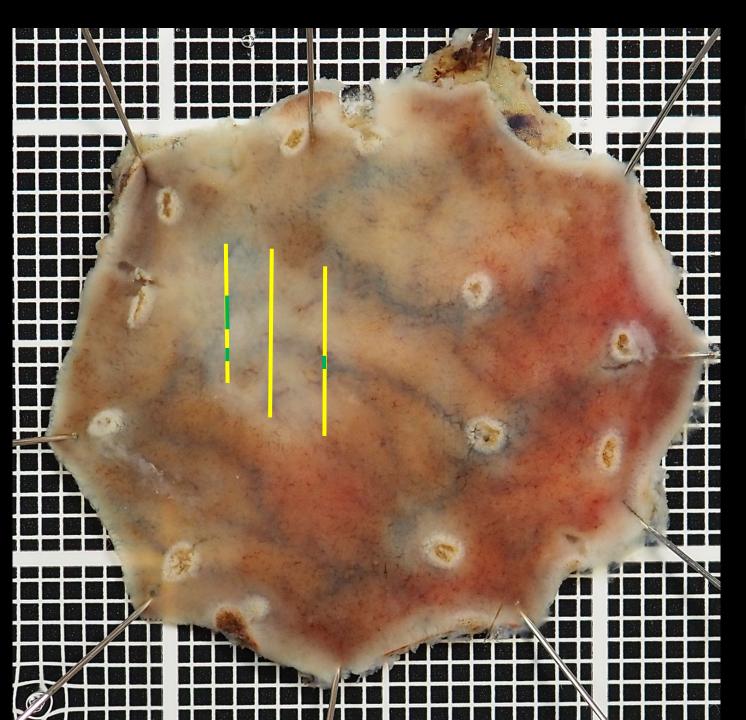


肛門側





— М — SM1





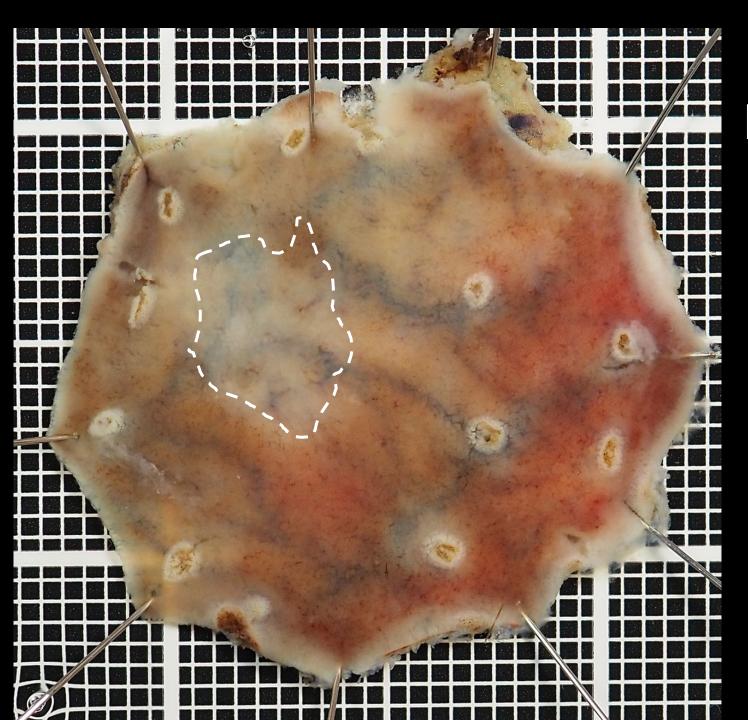




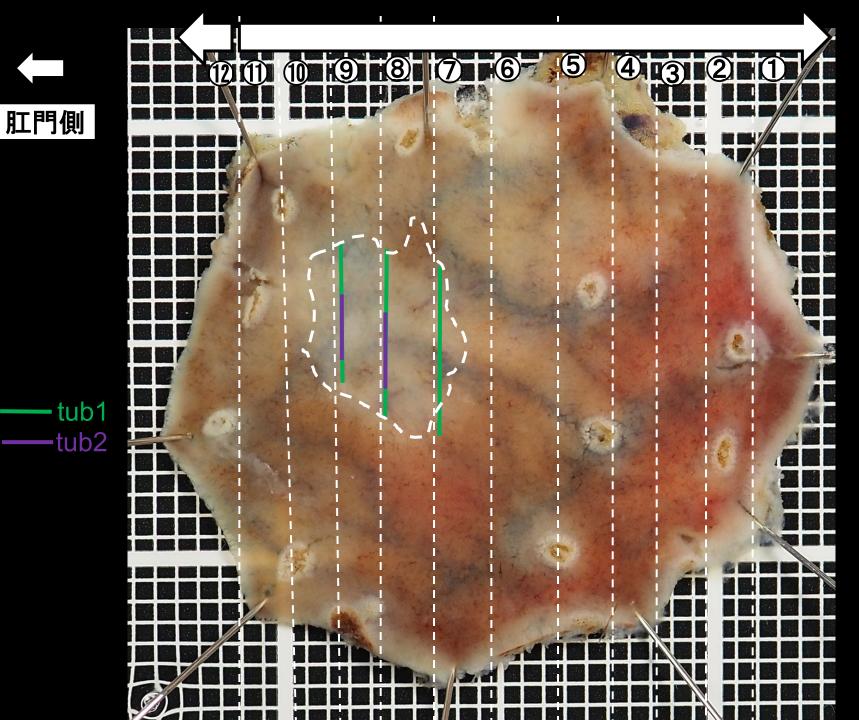










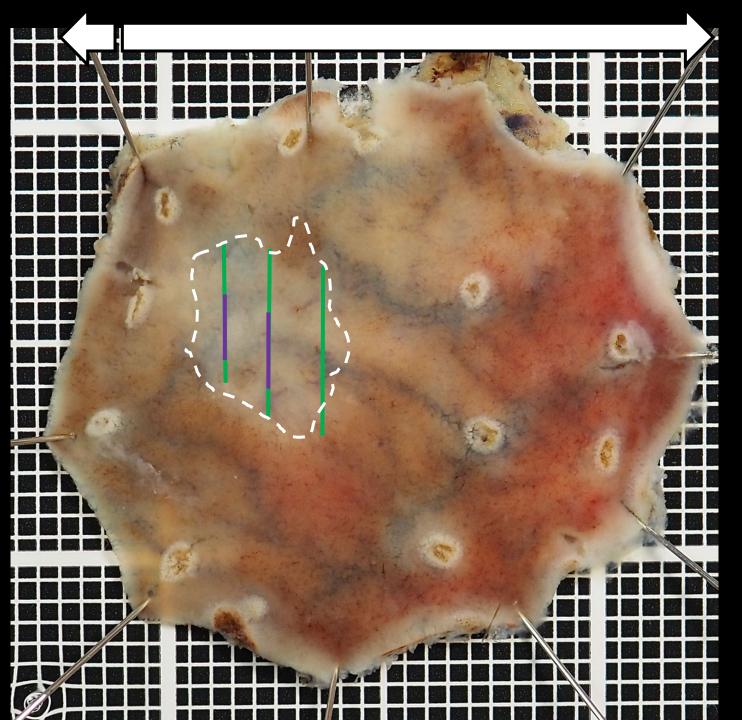








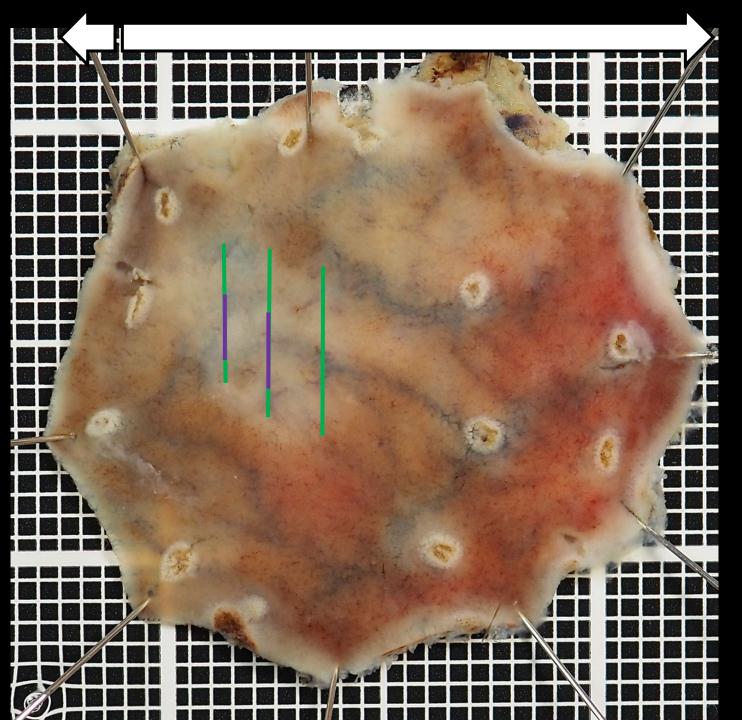
— tub1 — tub2





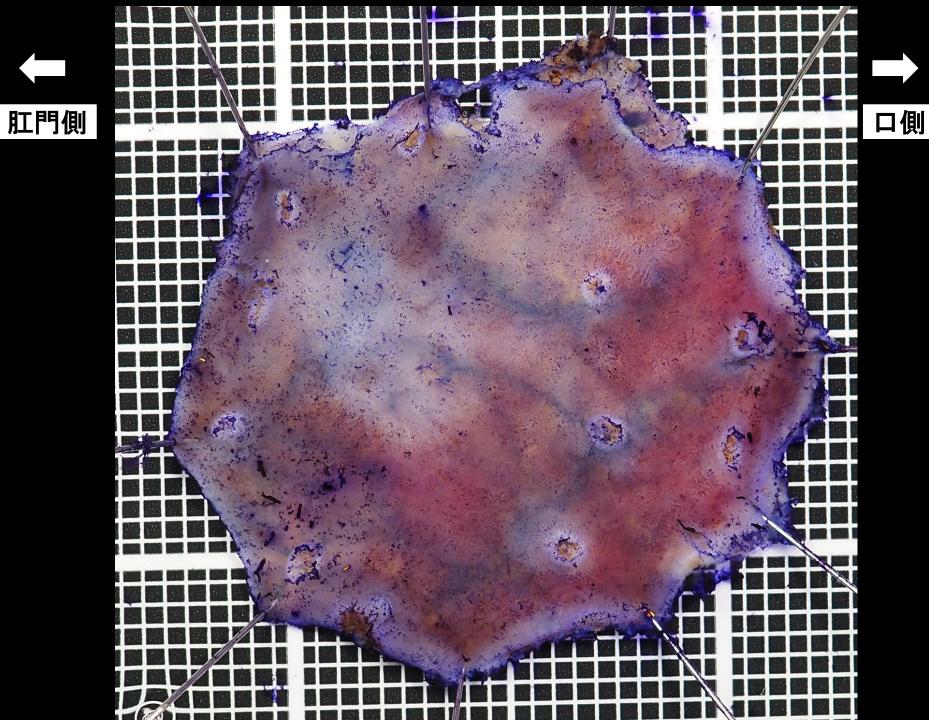


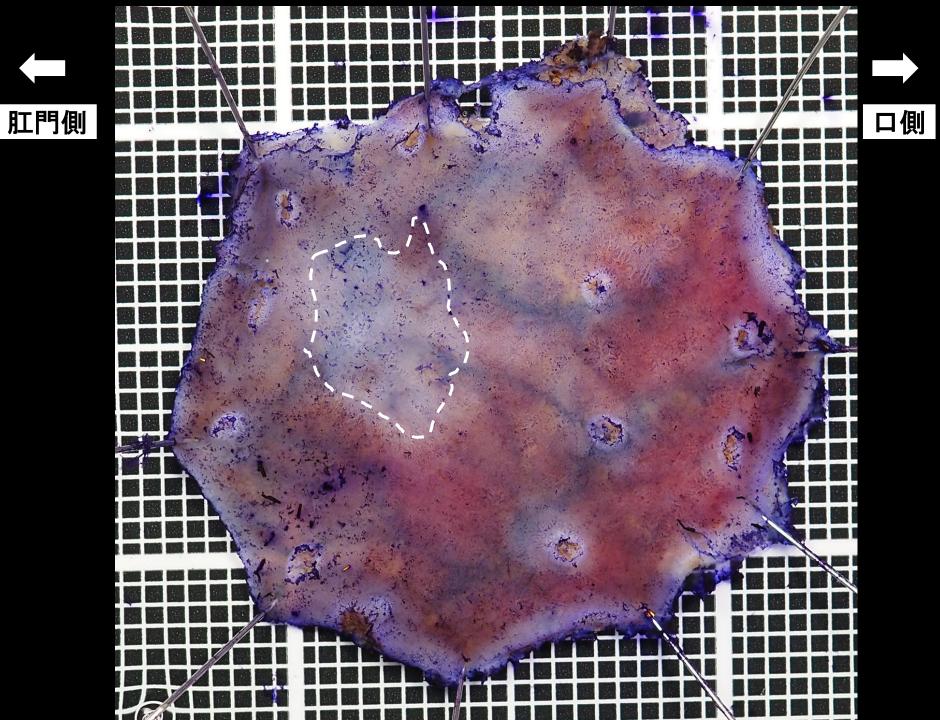
— tub1 — tub2

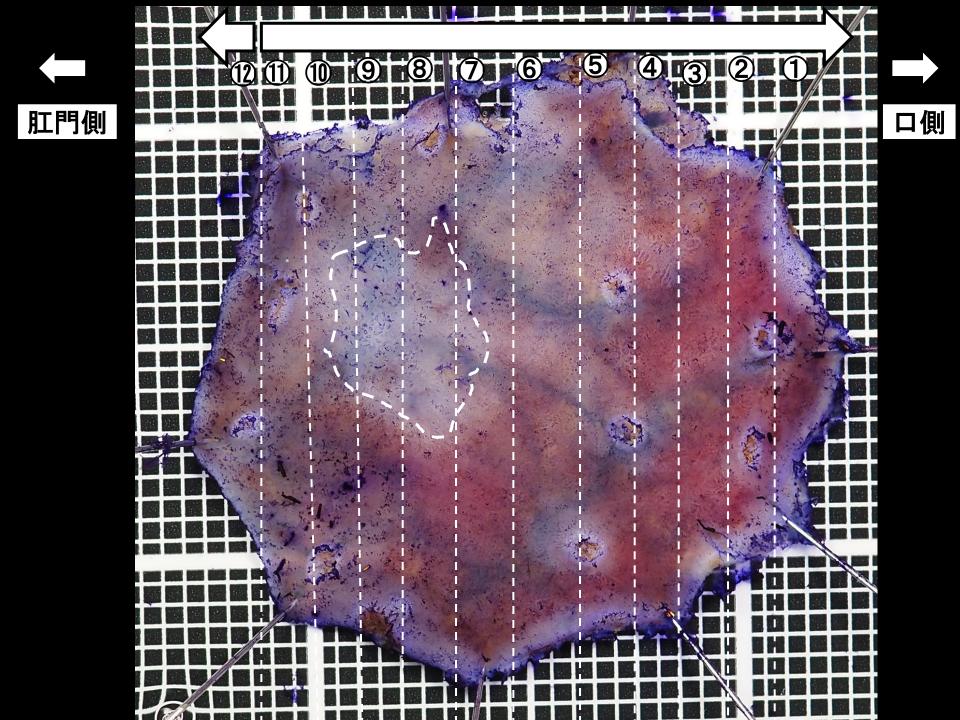


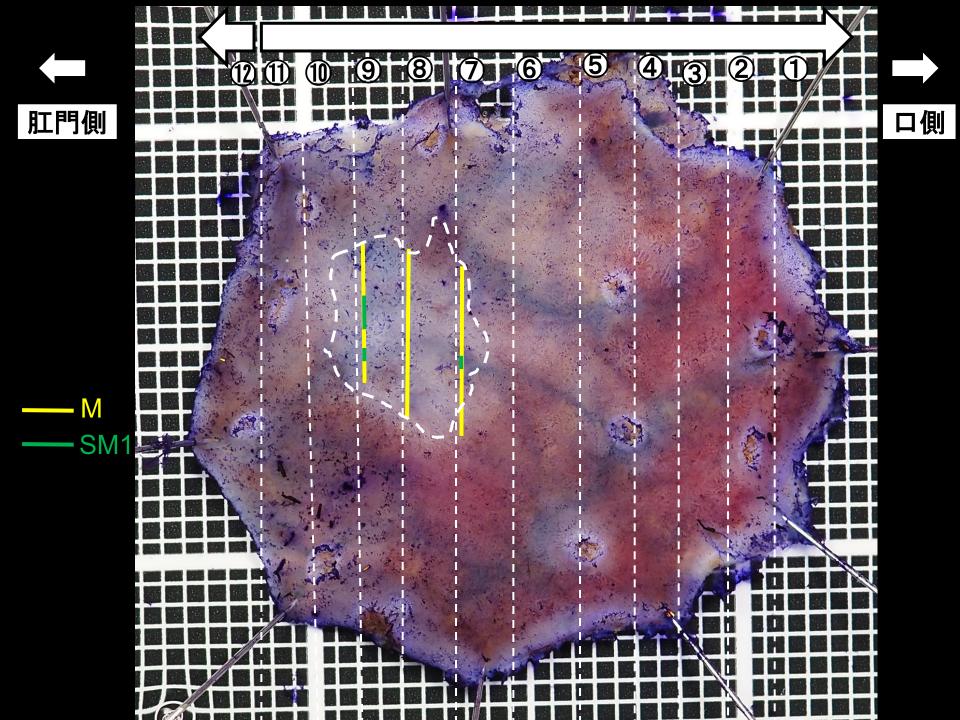


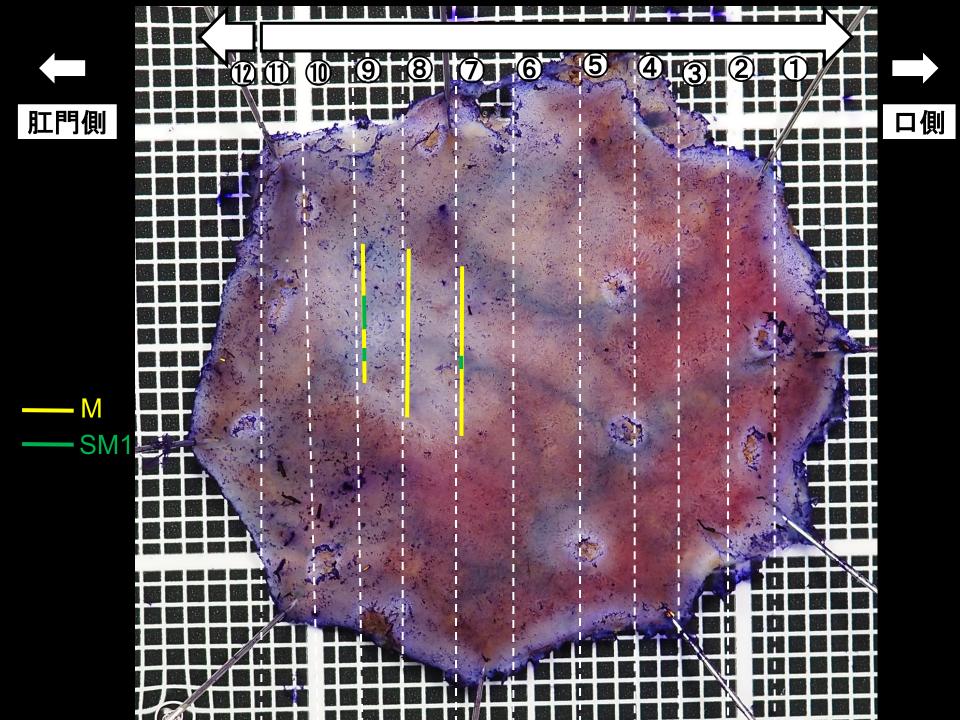


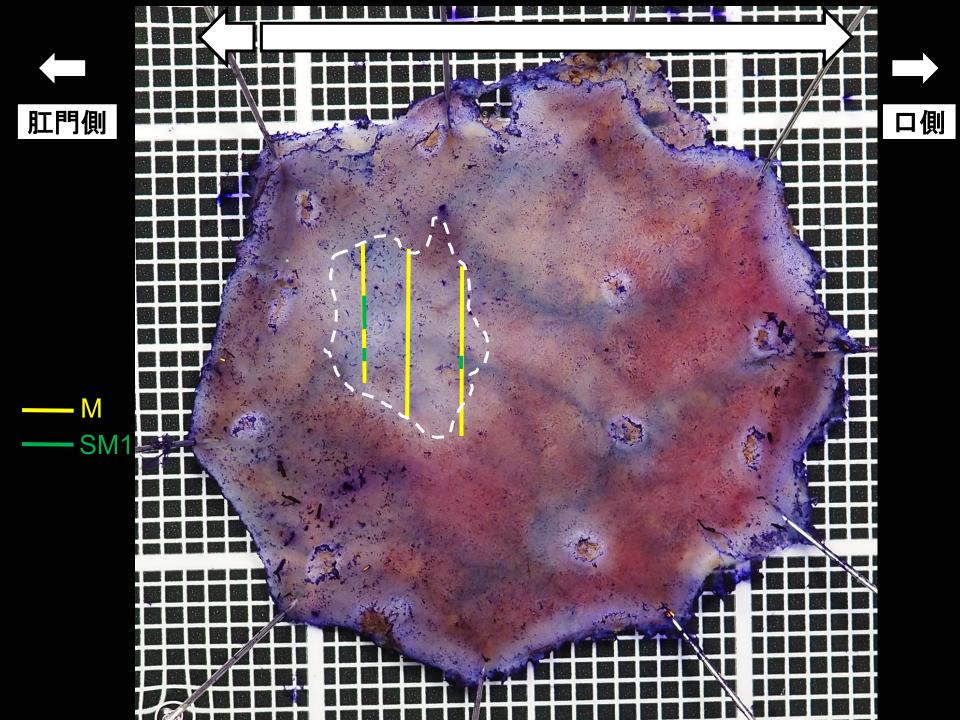


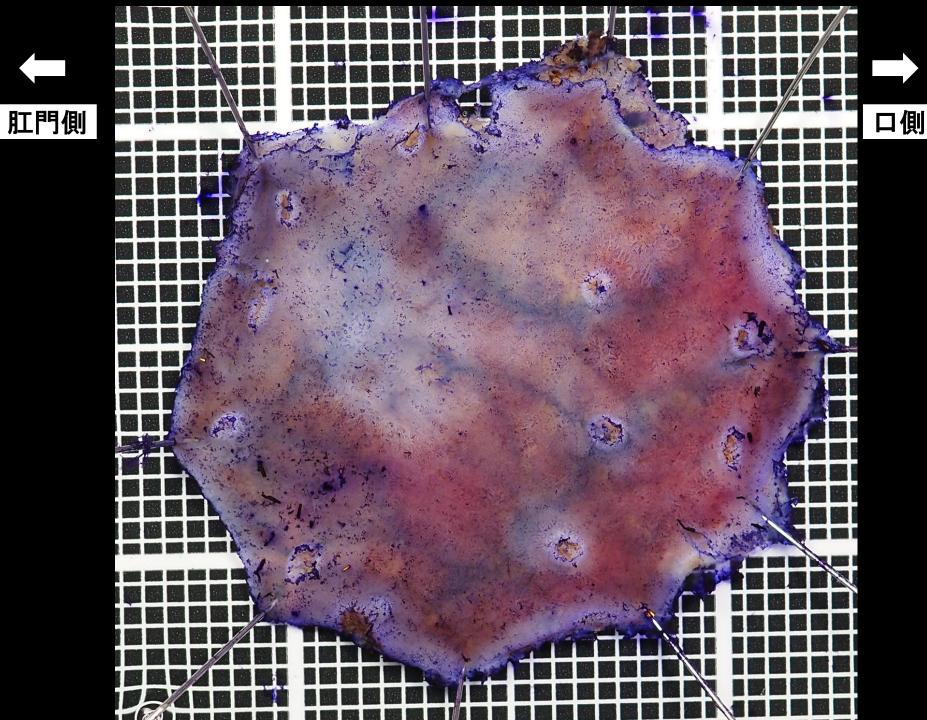


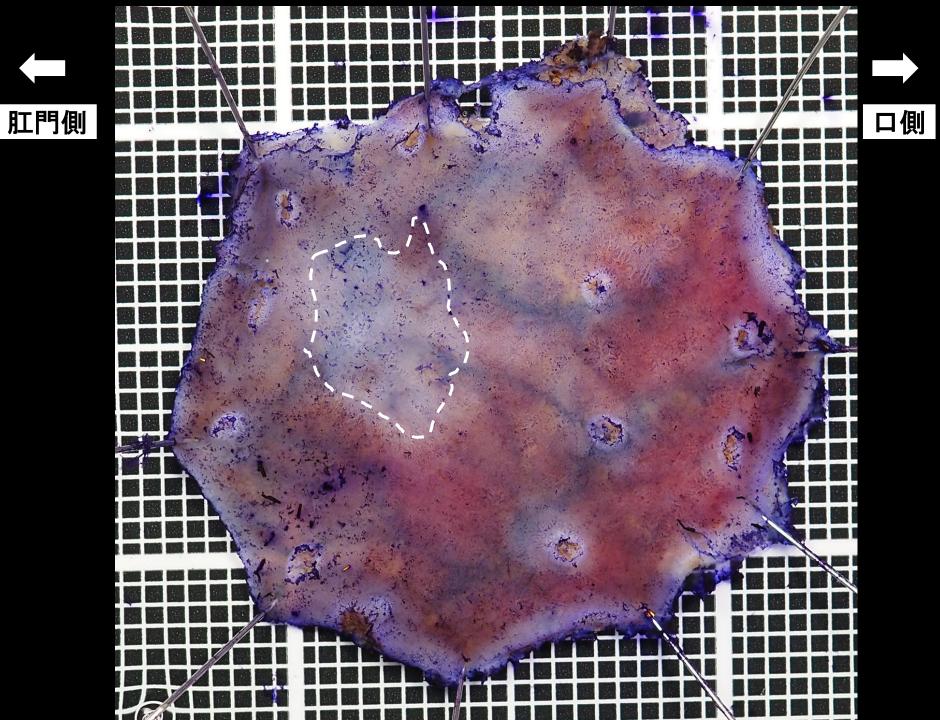


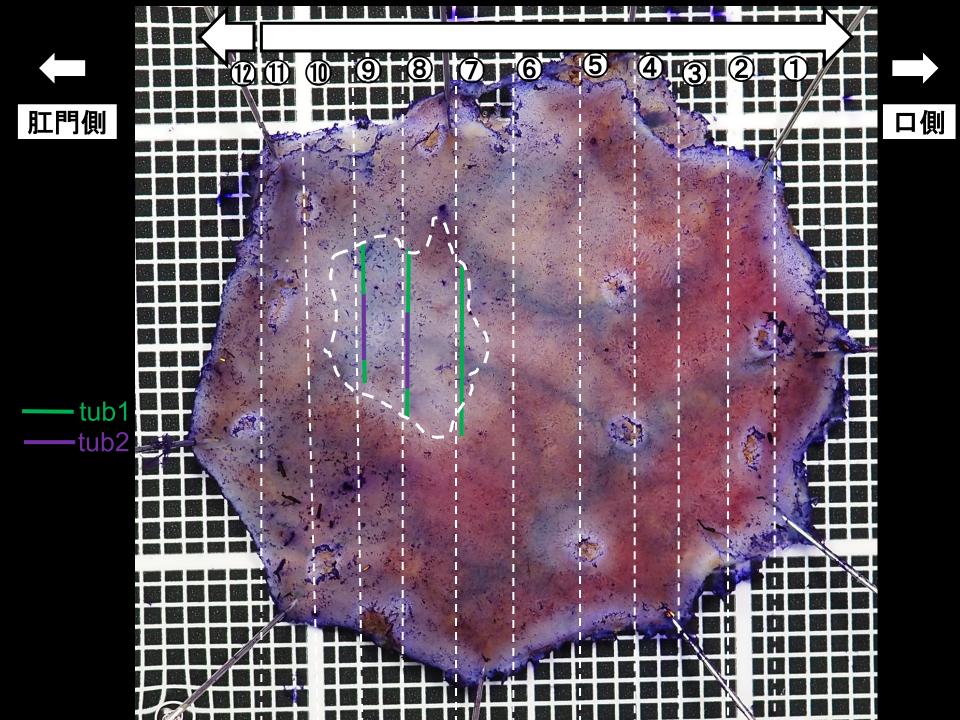


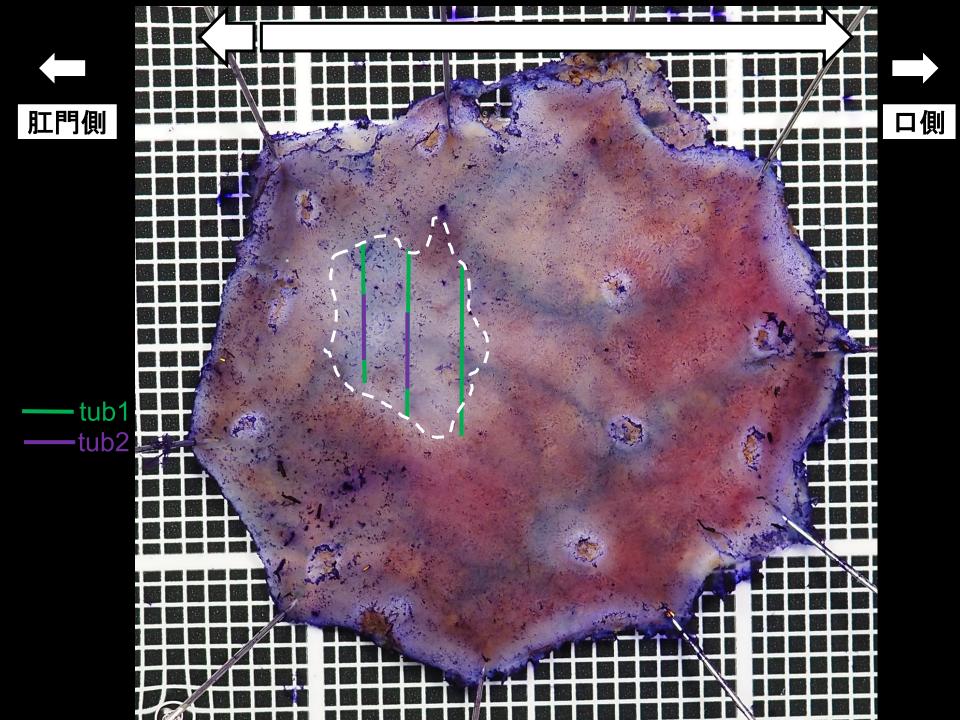


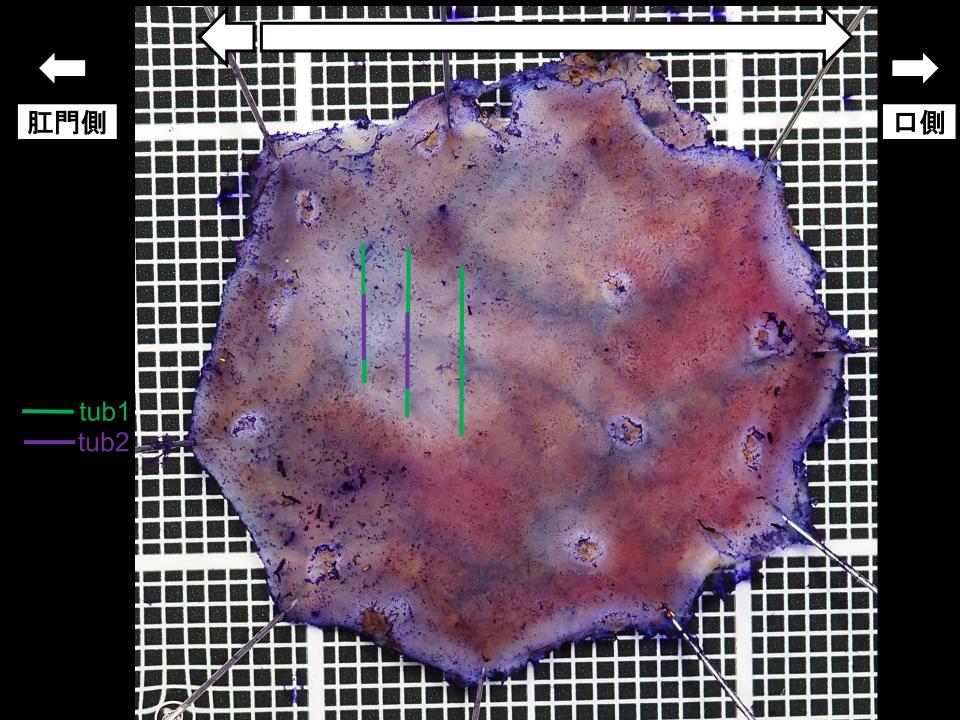


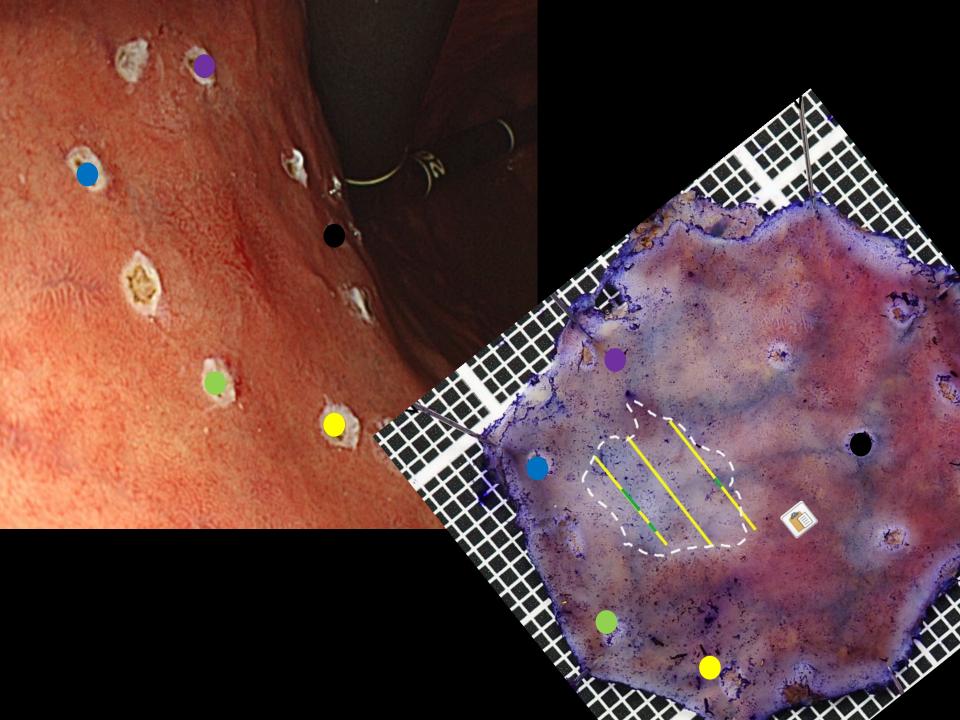


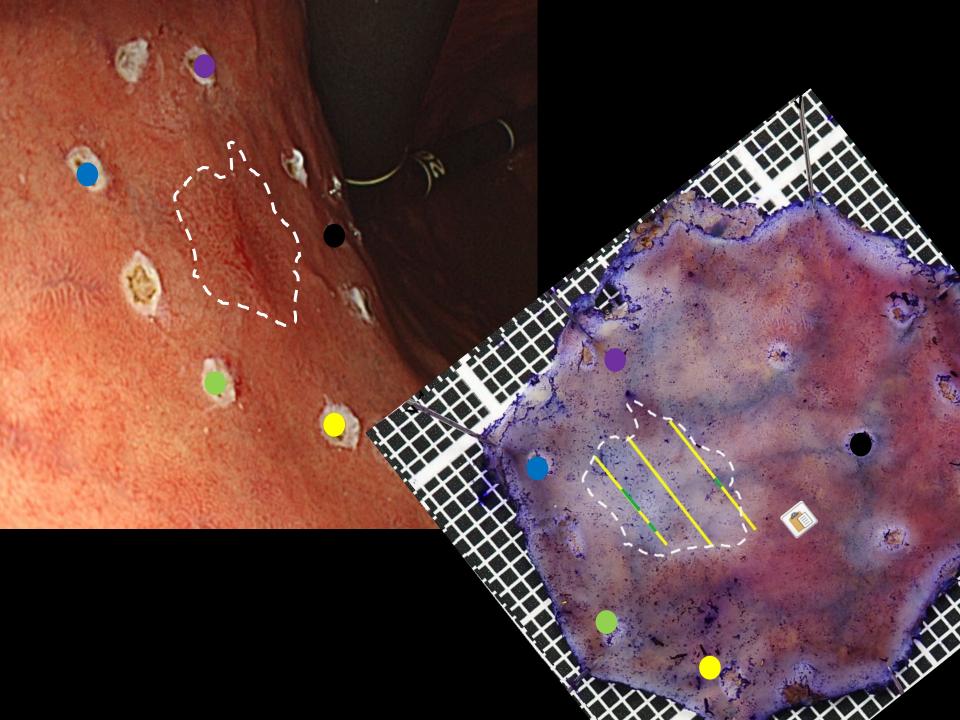


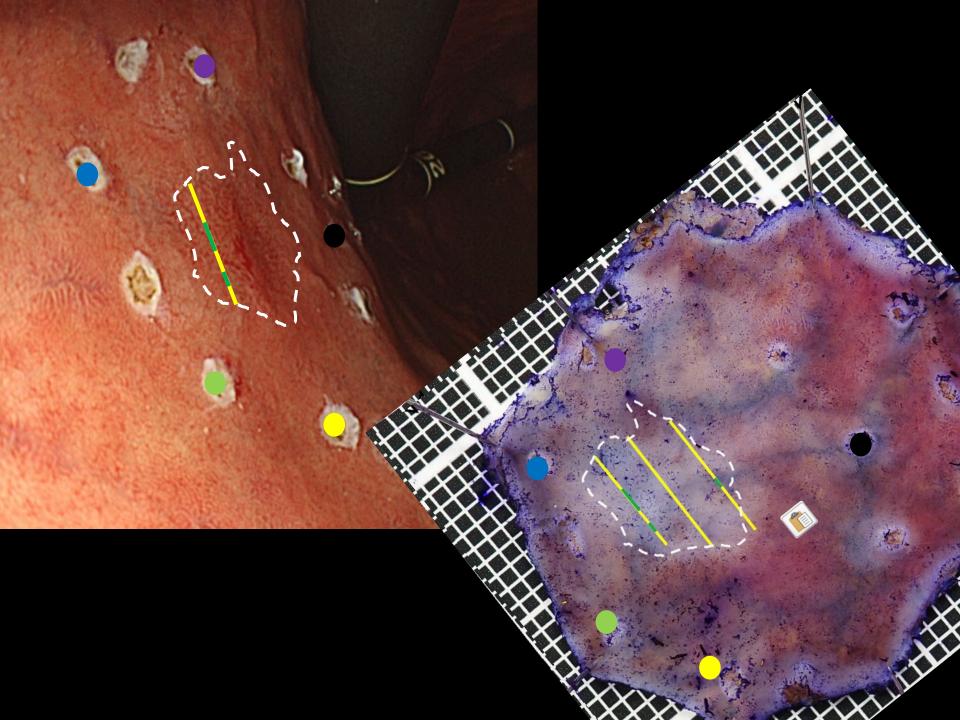


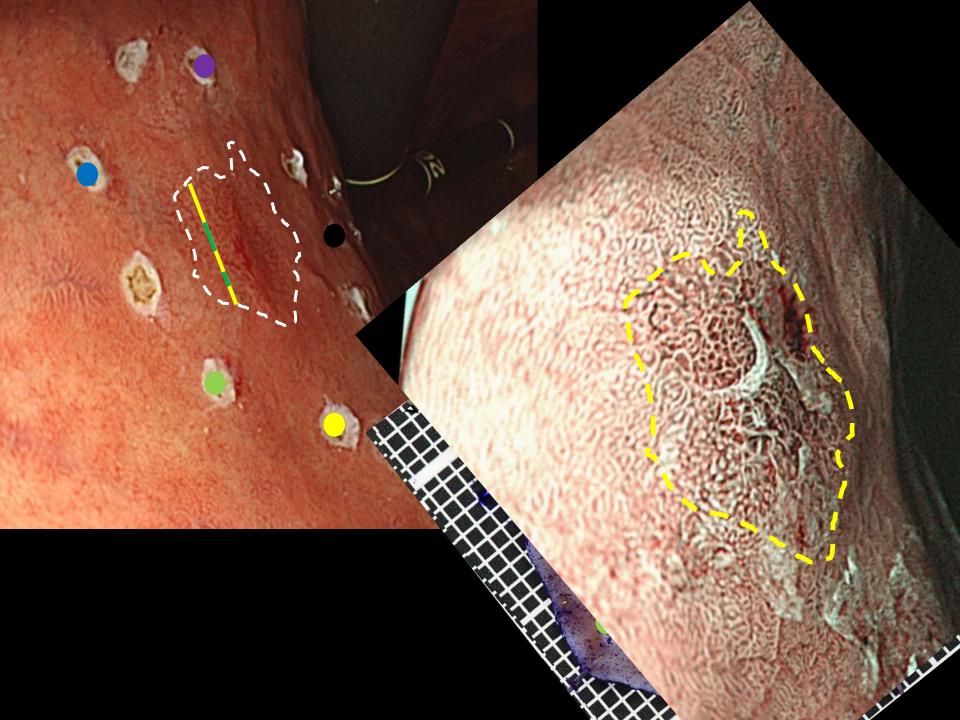


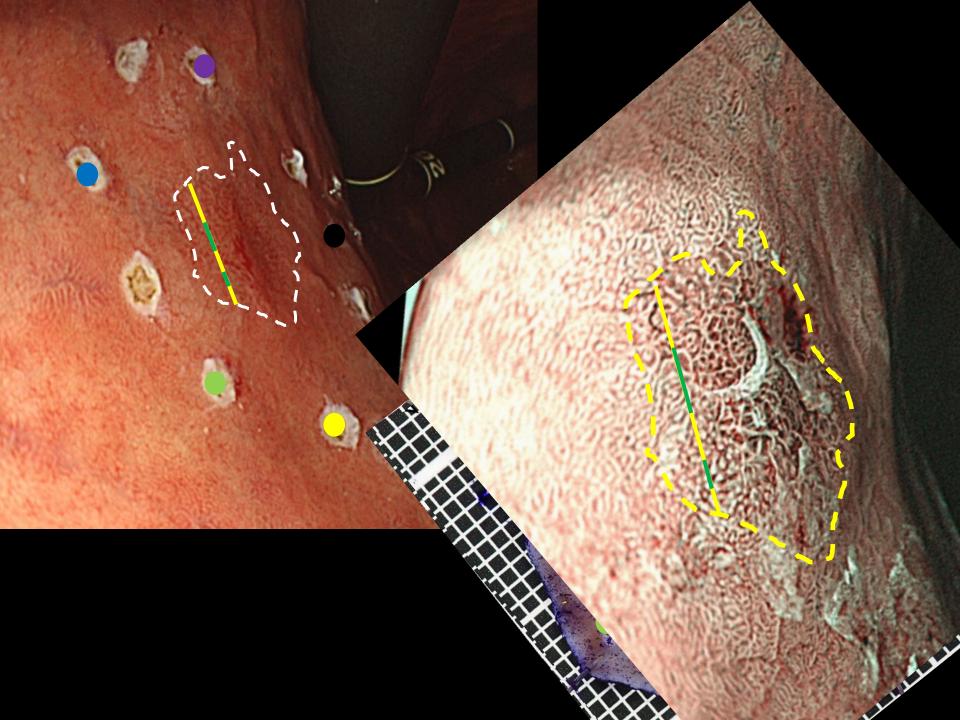


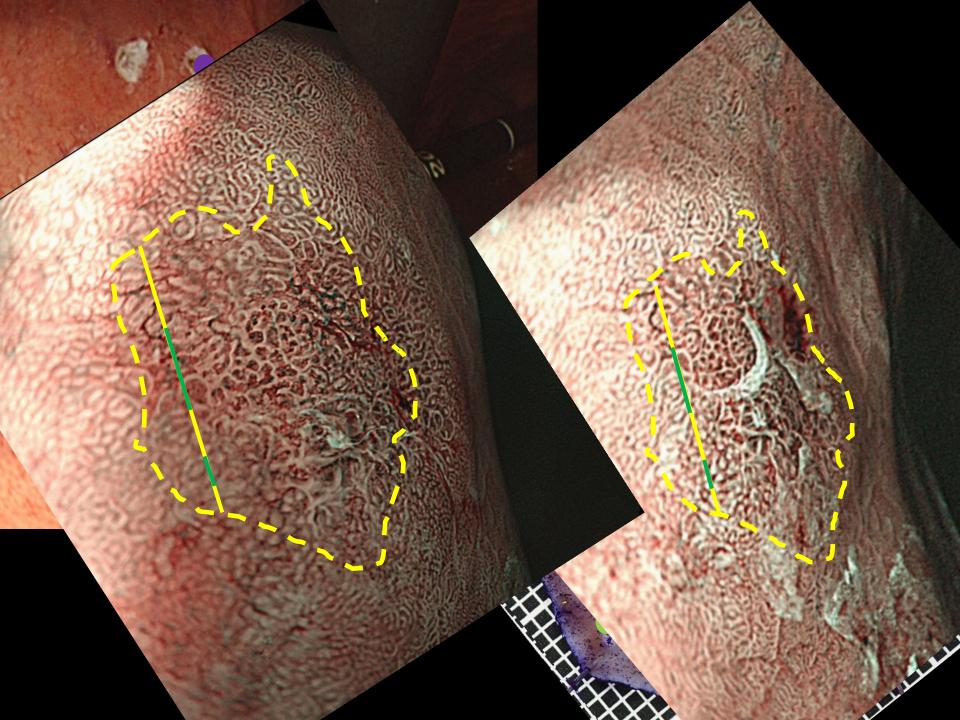








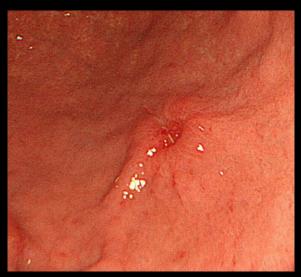




陥凹病変のSM浸潤を示唆する所見

- ①陥凹面の発赤
- ②陥凹面の厚み
- ③壁の硬化像
- ④病変の大きさ>2cm
- ⑤集中する粘膜ひだ先端の癒合
- ⑥辺縁の隆起・台状挙上
- ⑦陥凹面の構造不整

微小浸潤はその限りではない





★本症例のように10mm以下でM癌と診断したものでly1となることは珍しい